

5G Mobix EU Project



5G Mobix. Apoyando el Congreso Europeo ITS 2025



ABOUT

- EU funded Innovation action (H2020-ICT-18-2018)
- November 2018 – July 2022
- 50 partners from 11 countries in Europe
- 10 non-EU funded partners from China and South Korea

OBJECTIVES

Accelerate deployment of 5G at cross-border areas

- Carry out trials along X-border corridors to assess 5G capabilities for CAM
- Qualify the 5G-infrastructure and evaluate the benefits of 5G within the CAM context
- Identify spectrum allocation gaps, contribute to standardisation and 5G CEF preparation



Technical

Business



Define deployment scenarios & recommendations including x-border context

- Perform cost/benefit analysis and impact assessment
- Identify new business opportunities for 5G-enabled CAM
- Investigate legal, regulatory and security issues



5G Mobix. Apoyando el Congreso Europeo ITS 2025



LOCATIONS

- 2 Cross-Border Corridors (CBC)
- 4 complementary European Trial Sites (TS)
- 2 complementary Asian Trial Sites (TS)



NETWORK

- 29 5G gNBs
- NSA Architecture (potential for evolving to SA)



VEHICLES

- 20 SAE L4 automated vehicles



USE CASES

- 5 use case categories based on 3GPP TS 22.186, focusing on x-border operation

Advanced
Driving

Vehicles
Platooning

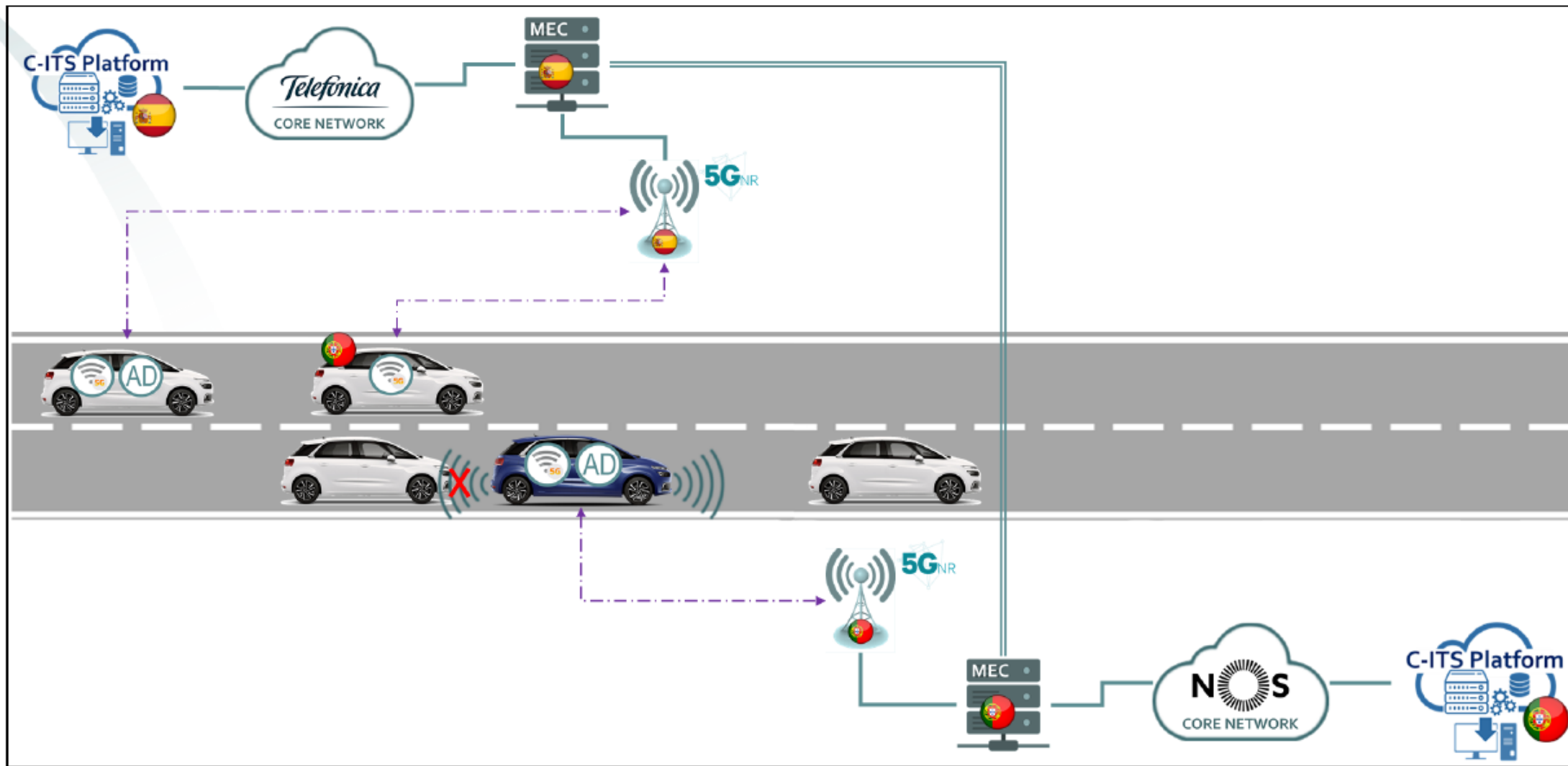
Extended
Sensors

Remote
Driving

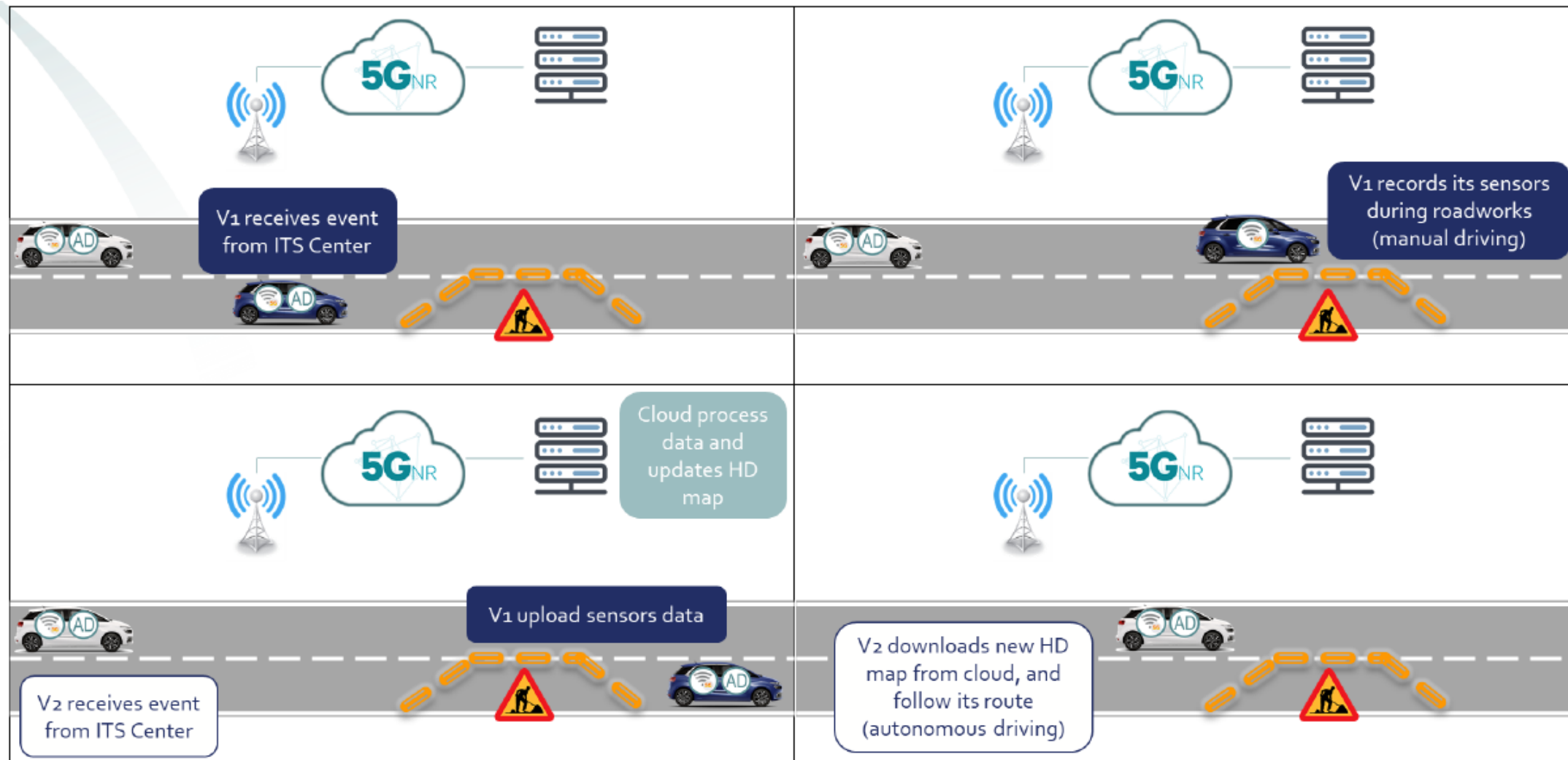
Vehicle QoS
Support



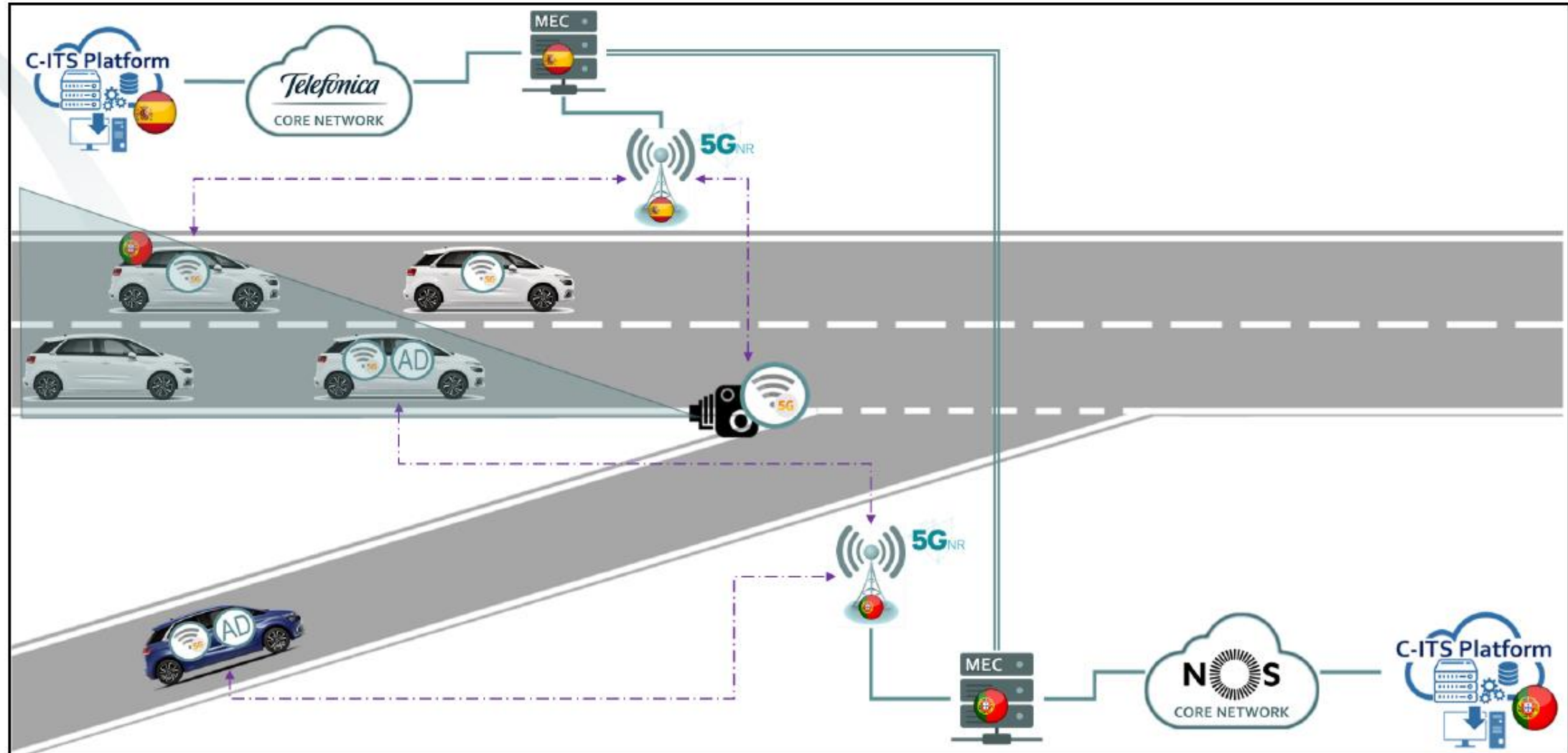
5G Mobix. Cooperative automated overtaking



5G Mobix. Real time HD Map service in road works



5G Mobix. Cooperative lane merge



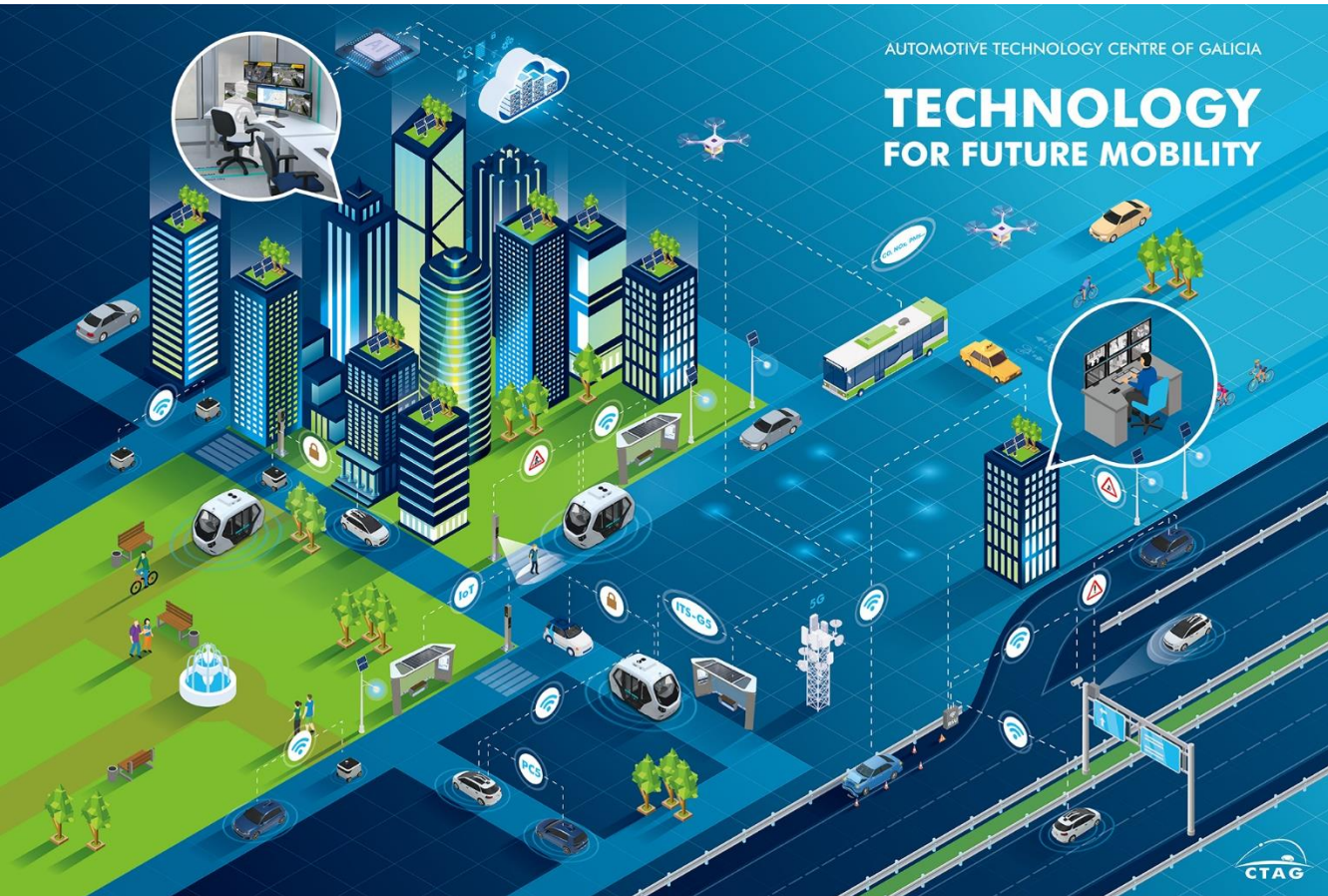
5G Mobix. Apoyando el Congreso Europeo ITS 2025



Shuttle by CTAG



New transport opportunities and solutions



- The **increasing** concentration of **population in urban areas** creates new challenges to adequately manage **mobility needs** from the point of view of people and goods.
- **Advances in digitization and connectivity technologies** promote **new opportunities** to transform cities into smart sustainable environments.
- **Connected and autonomous last-mile Shuttles** are a mode of transport that add value to the portfolio of **next-generation multimodal, sustainable and intelligent mobility solutions**.

Multiple operating environments

It allows to **meet the needs of transporting people safely and sustainably** in multiple environments, whether in **cities or rural areas**:



Special public services



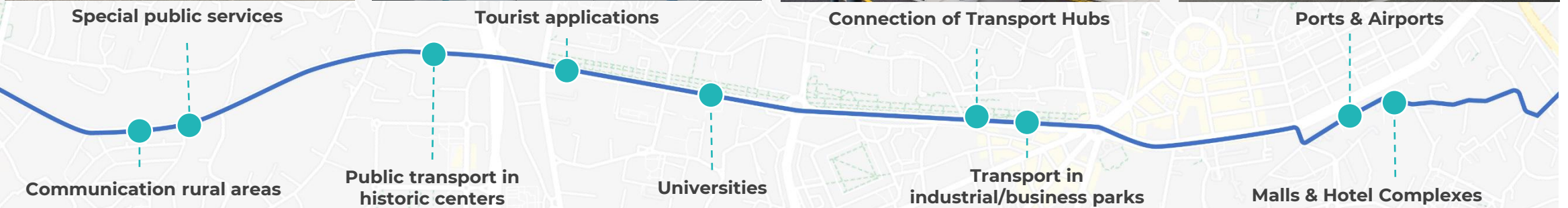
Tourist applications



Connection of Transport Hubs



Ports & Airports



Communication rural areas

Public transport in historic centers

Universities

Transport in industrial/business parks

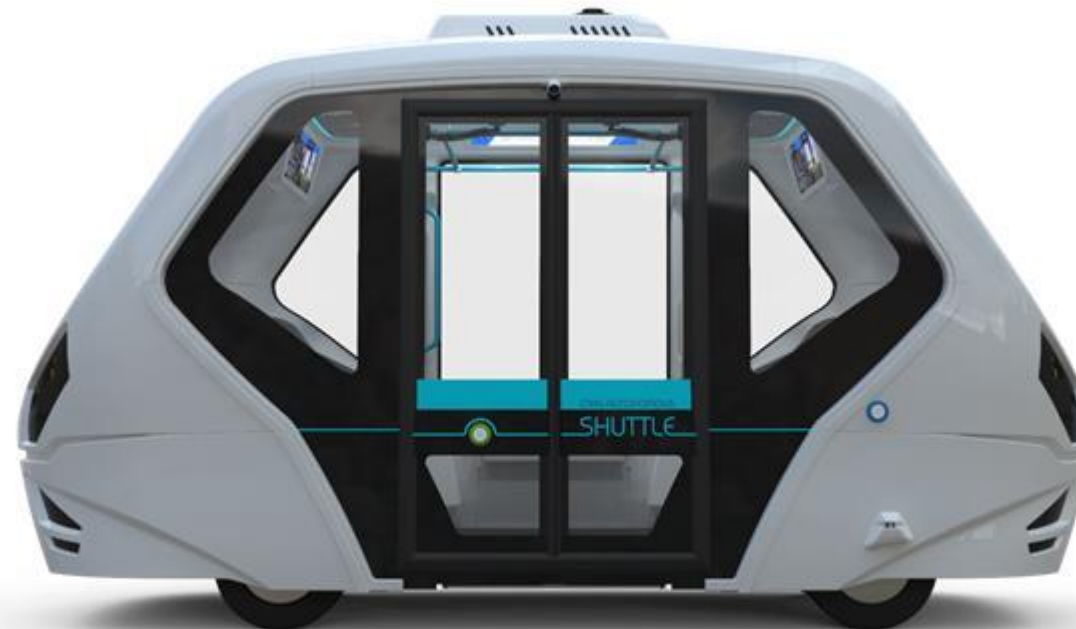
Malls & Hotel Complexes



Shuttle by CTAG



Historia



Valores

-  **A la Vanguardia de la innovación**
-  **Experiencia de movilidad única**
-  **Eléctrico, Autónomo y Conectado**
-  **Diseño Atractivo y Ergonómico**

Shuttle by CTAG

Un vehículo de transporte de personas de última milla que satisface las necesidades de movilidad tanto en entornos urbanos, interurbanos como rurales.

**Autónomo,
Conectado y
Eléctrico**

Flexible

Diseñado,
desarrollado y
fabricado por
CTAG

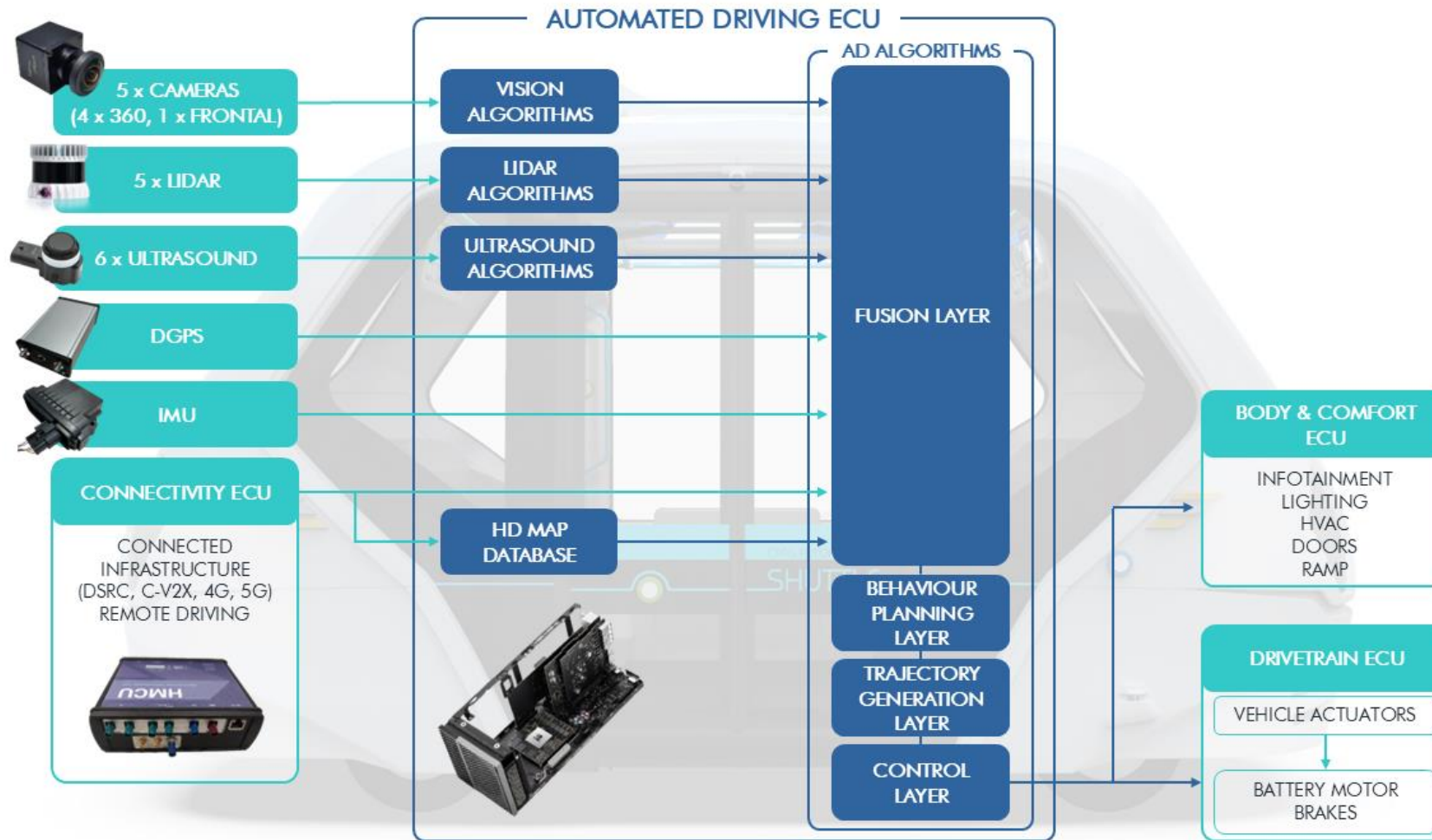
**Altamente
tecnológico**

Maximiza el uso de
los servicios y
tecnologías
cooperativas

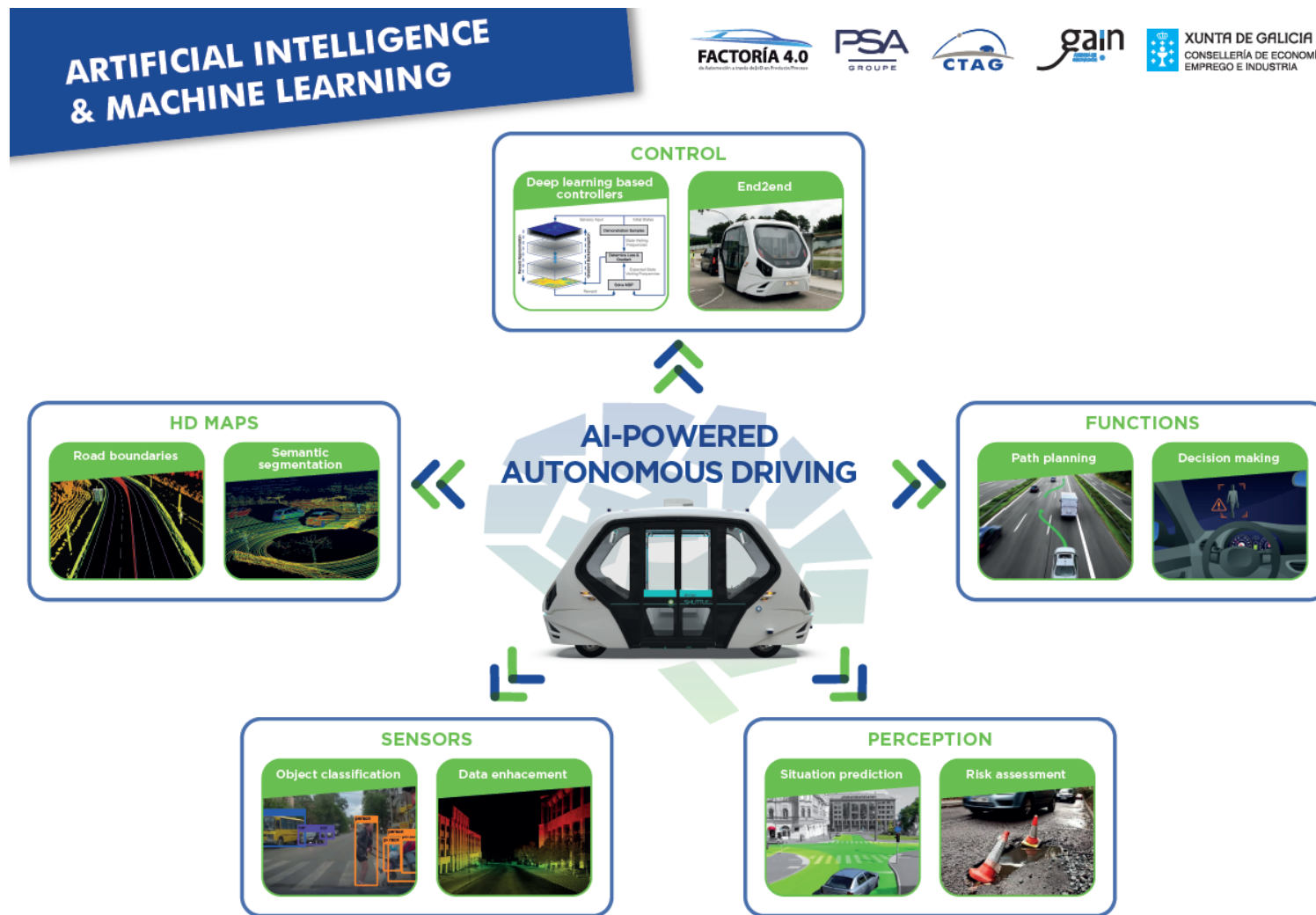
Diseño atractivo,
futurista y
ergonómico que
busca satisfacer la
**experiencia del
usuario**



Shuttle by CTAG. Arquitectura

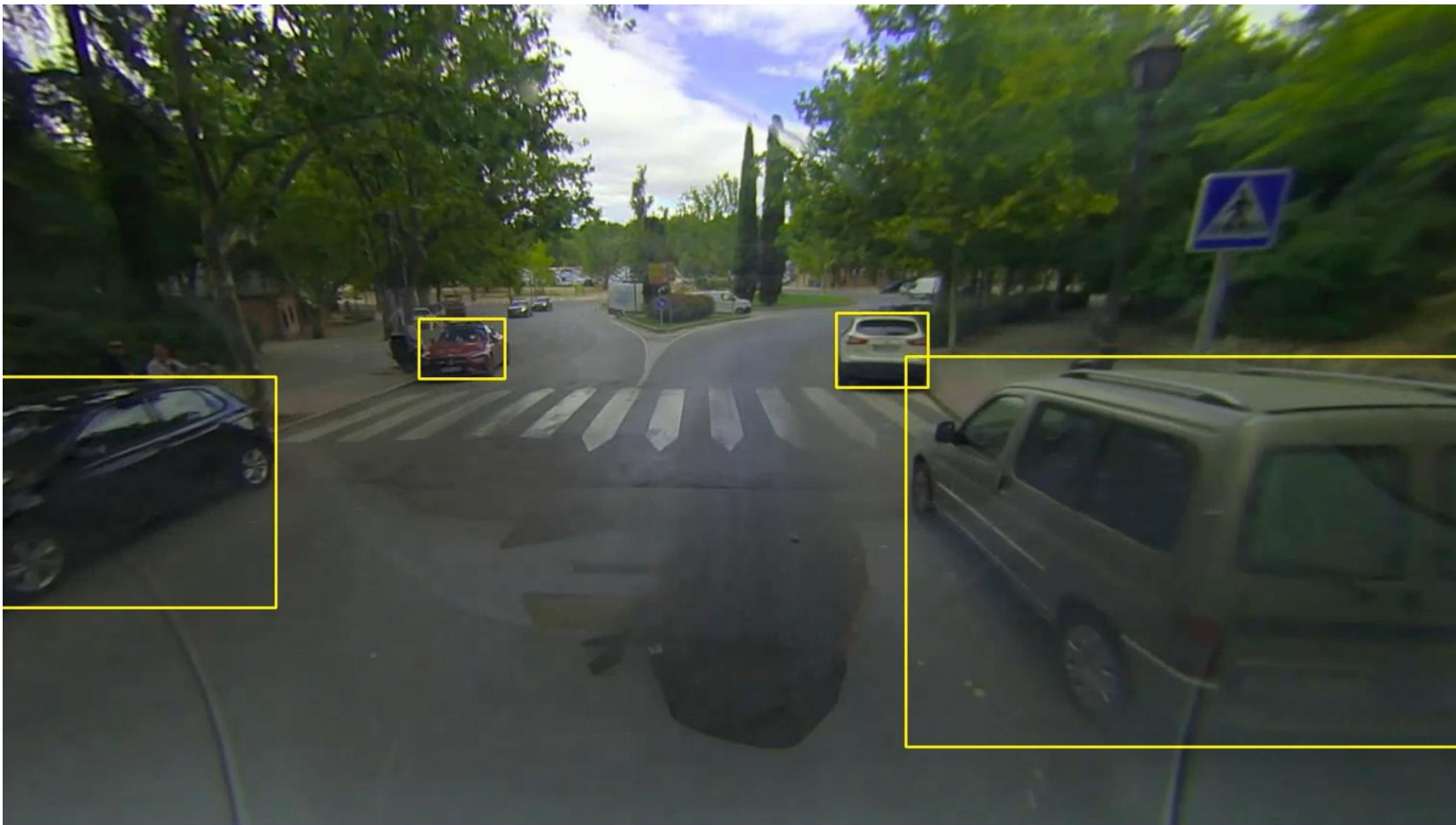


Shuttle by CTAG. Tecnologías clave: aplicaciones de IA

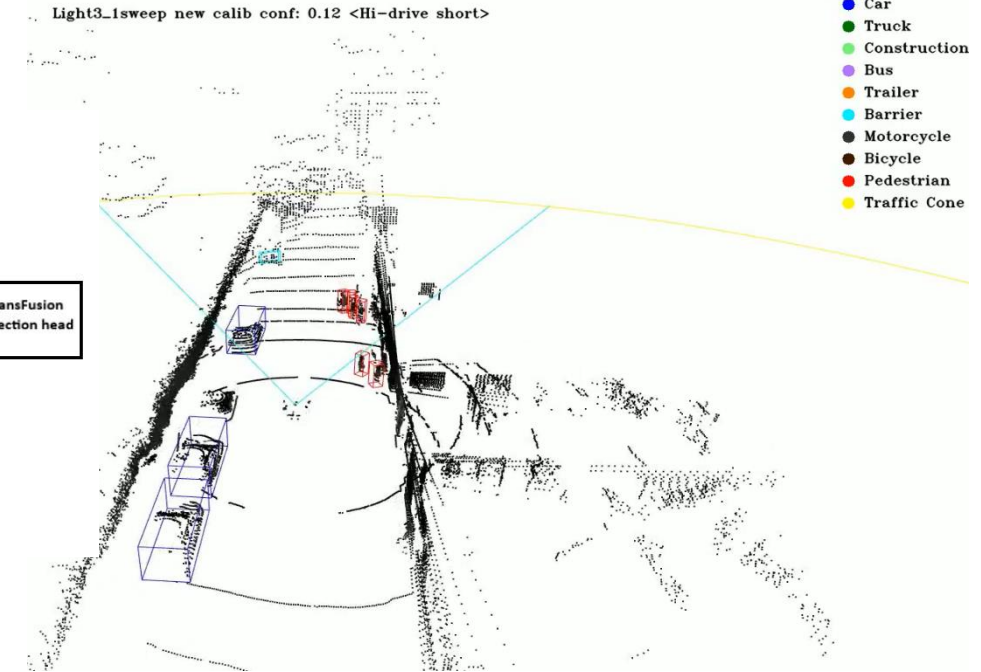
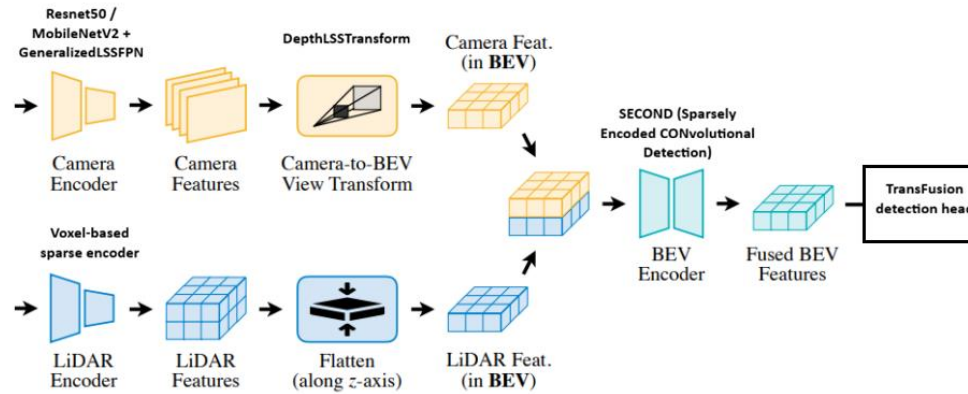


Shuttle by CTAG. Tecnologías clave: aplicaciones de IA para detección y clasificación mediante cámara

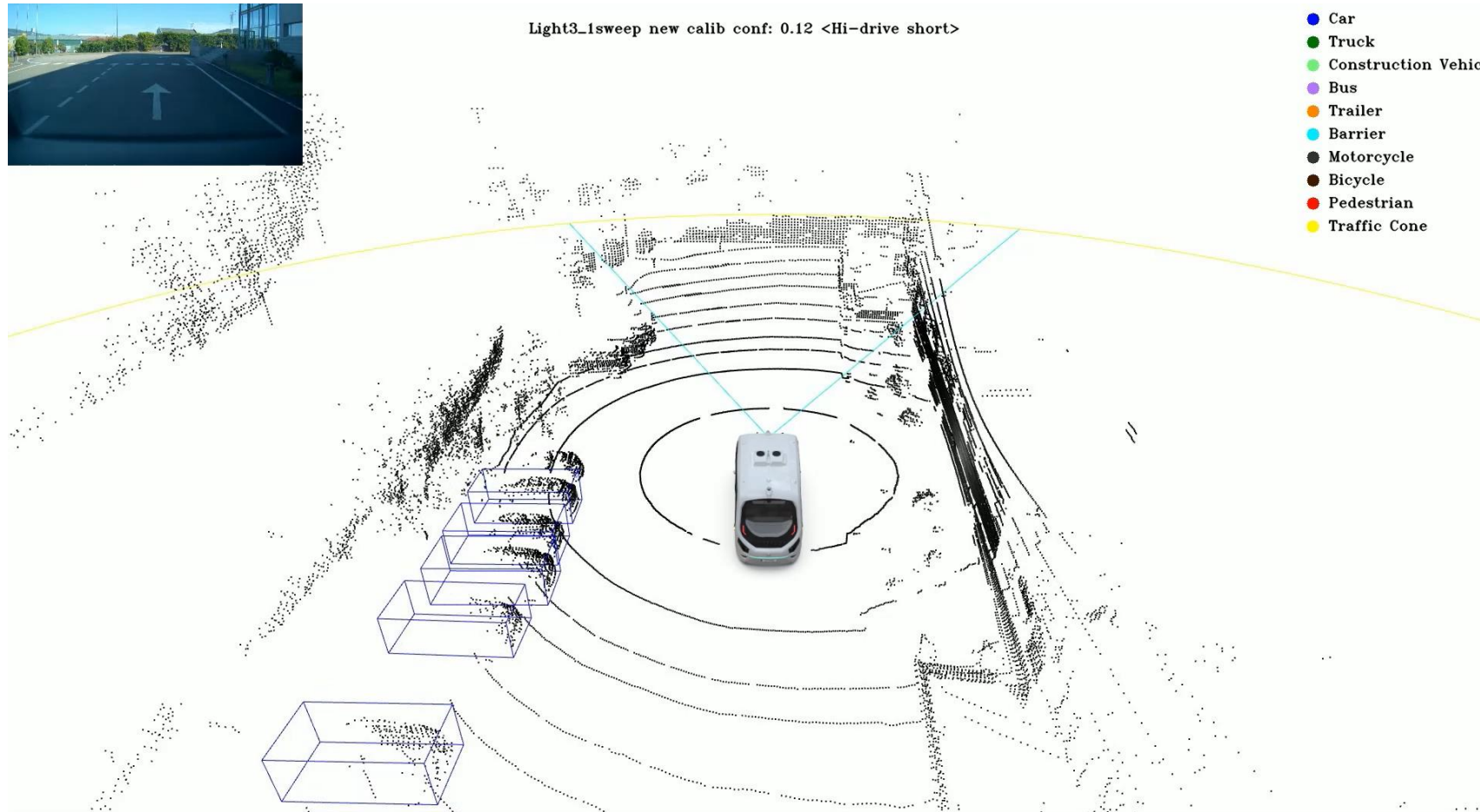
- Los modelos de deep learning, como YOLO26, consiguen altas tasas de detecciones y bajas incertidumbre en la clasificación de vehículos y VRUs, especialmente a distancias cortas, permitiendo al vehículo autónomo ajustar su comportamiento en situaciones específicas.
- Estos modelos son cada vez más eficientes permitiendo usar modelos más potentes con los mismos recursos de computación
- Posibilidad de reducir la velocidad cuando se detectan VRUs, como en el ejemplo.



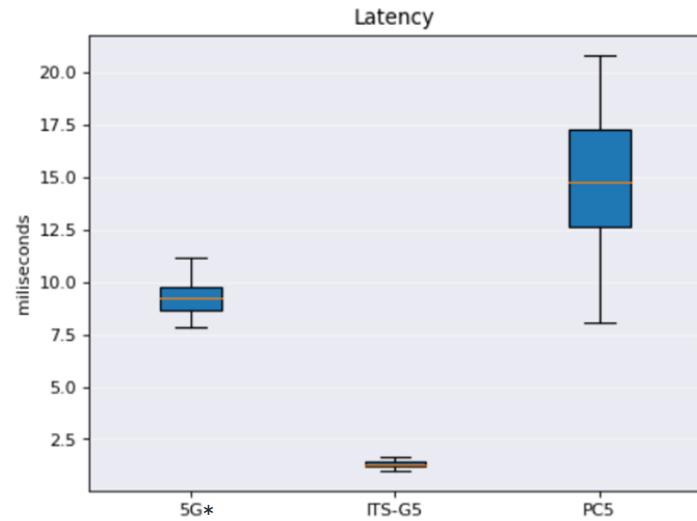
Shuttle by CTAG. Tecnologías clave: aplicaciones de IA: Fusión de nivel medio



Shuttle by CTAG. Tecnologías clave: aplicaciones de IA: Fusión de nivel medio



Shuttle by CTAG. Tecnologías clave: Conectividad



	5G	ITS-G5	PC5
Mean	9,26 ms	1,31 ms	14,86 ms
St Dev	0,77 ms	0,15 ms	3,08 ms
Min	7,86 ms	1,01 ms	8,09 ms
Max	11,16 ms	1,62 ms	20,80 ms

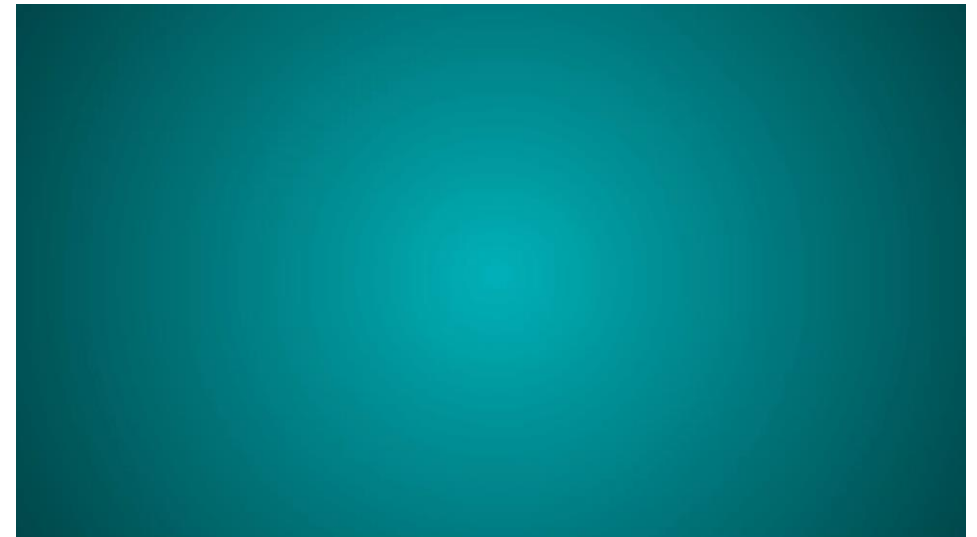
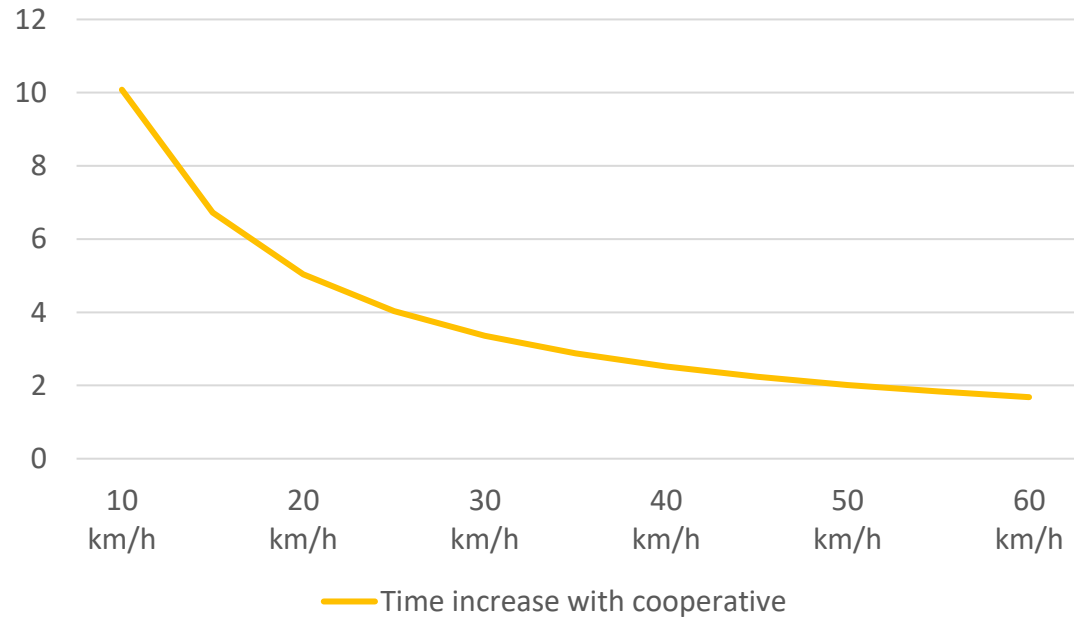
*Red 5G privada



Shuttle by CTAG. Tecnologías clave: Conectividad

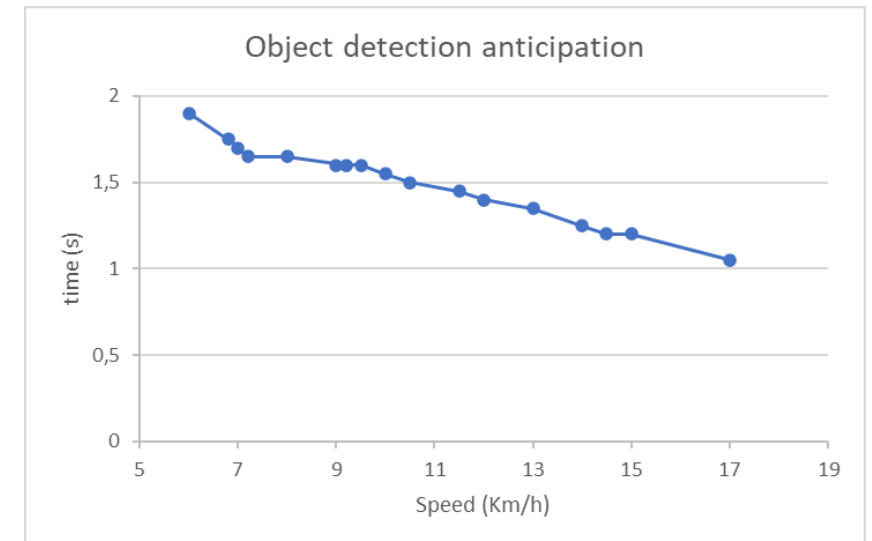
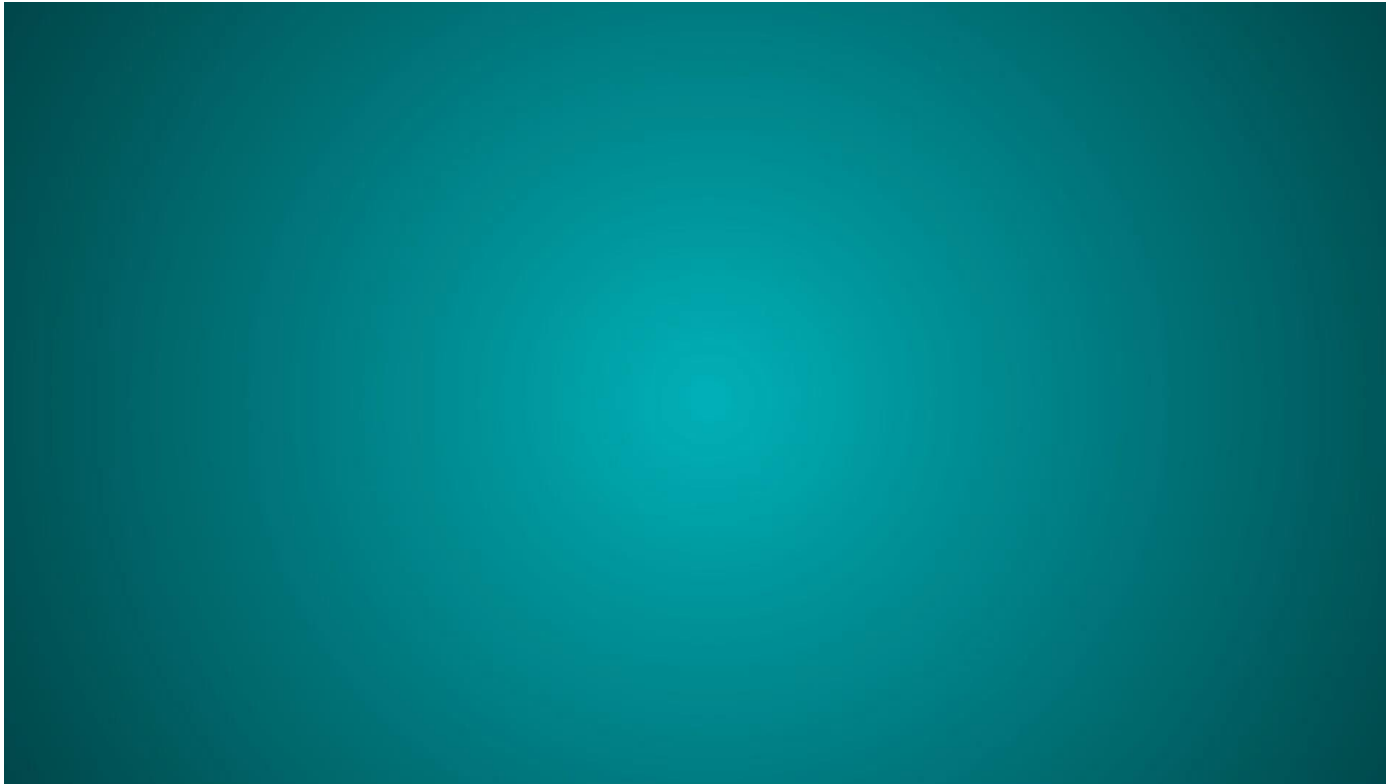
Incorporación cooperativa

Extra warning time (s) at different oncoming traffic speeds



Shuttle by CTAG. Tecnologías clave: Conectividad

Intersección cooperativa

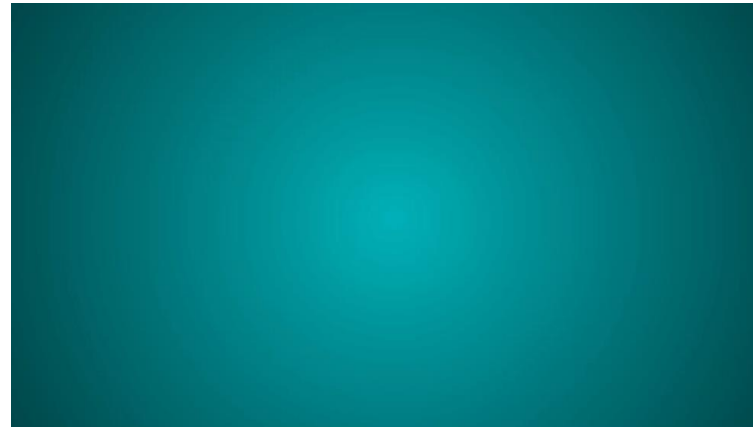


Shuttle by CTAG. Testing approach

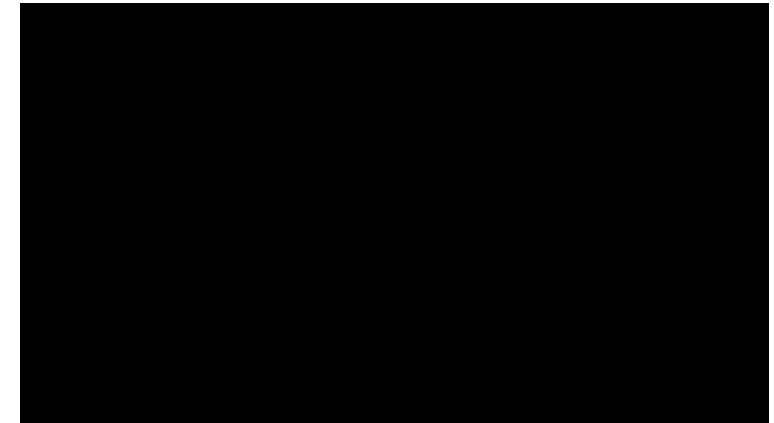
Simulated Environment



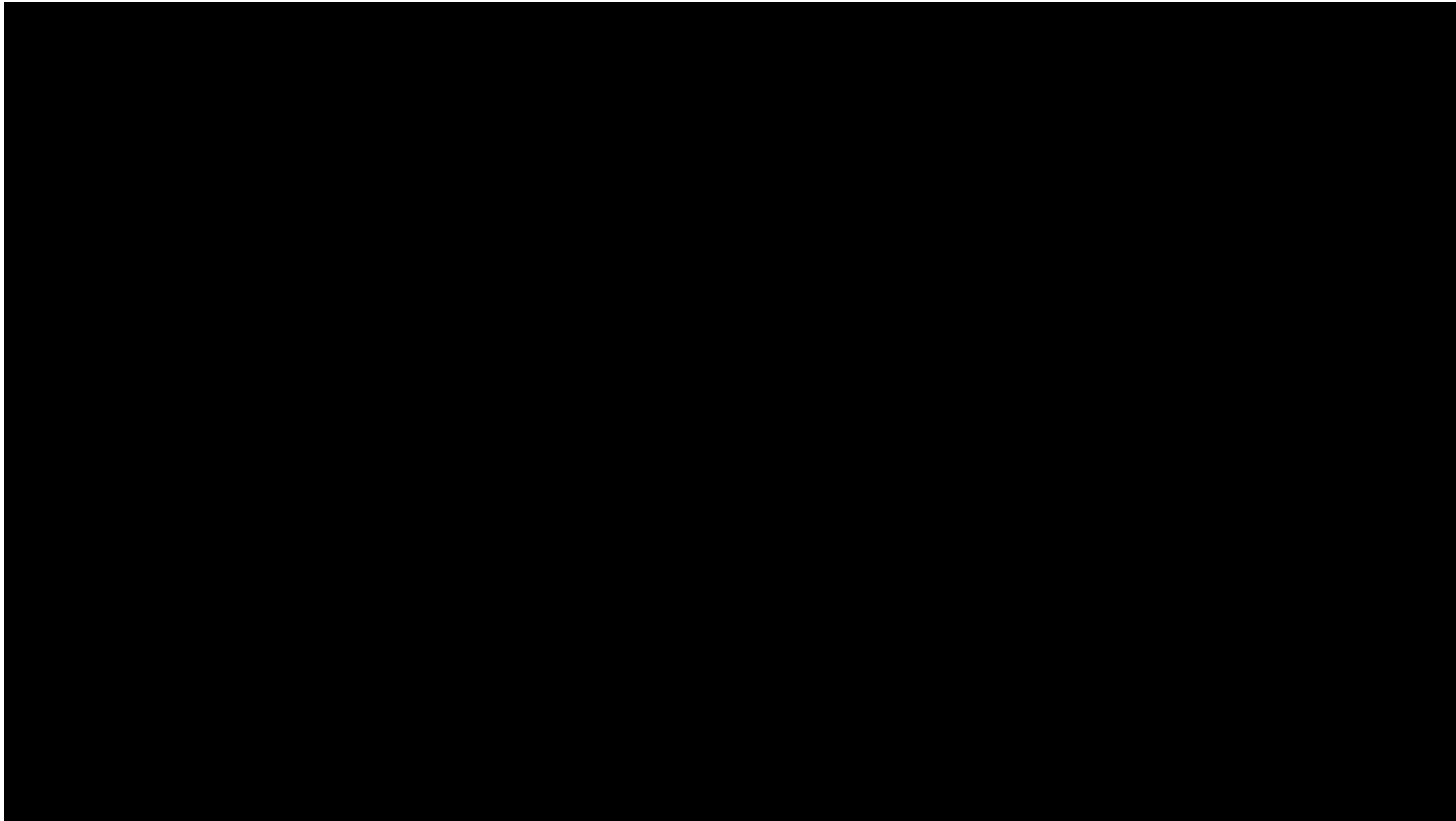
Proving Ground



Open Environment



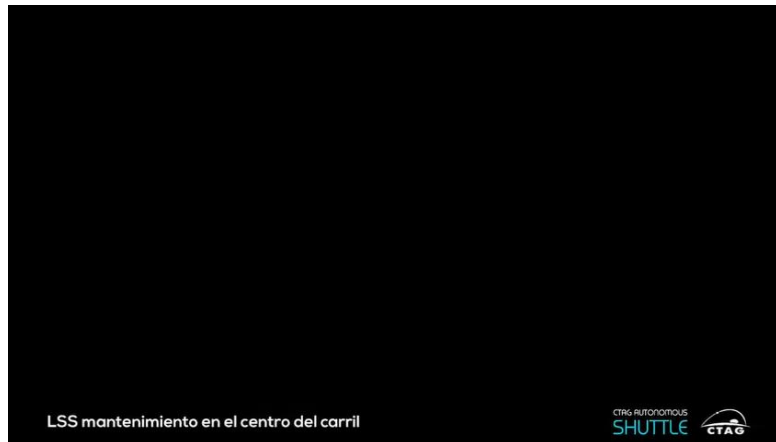
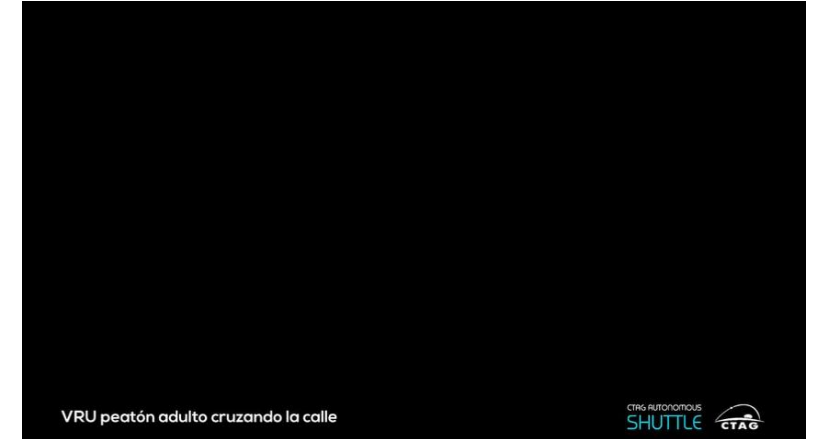
Shuttle by CTAG. Importancia de la validación virtual



Shuttle by CTAG. Pruebas en pista



Shuttle by CTAG. Safety First. Instrucción DGT



Shuttle by CTAG. Algunas cifras



+9.000

Pasajeros a
bordo



+6.000 kms

en autónomo por vía
pública



14

Pilotos realizados



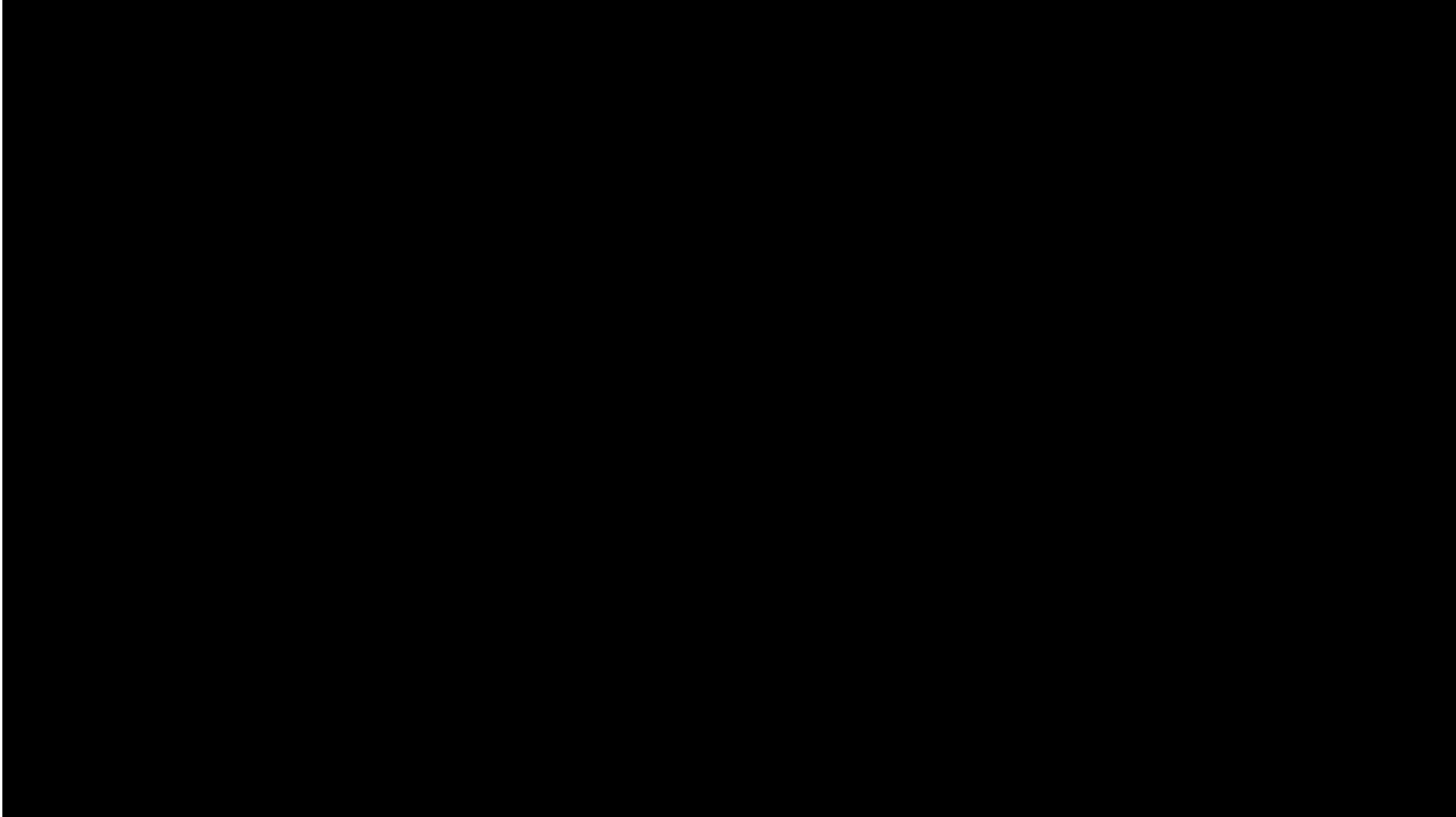
+20

Eventos de movilidad

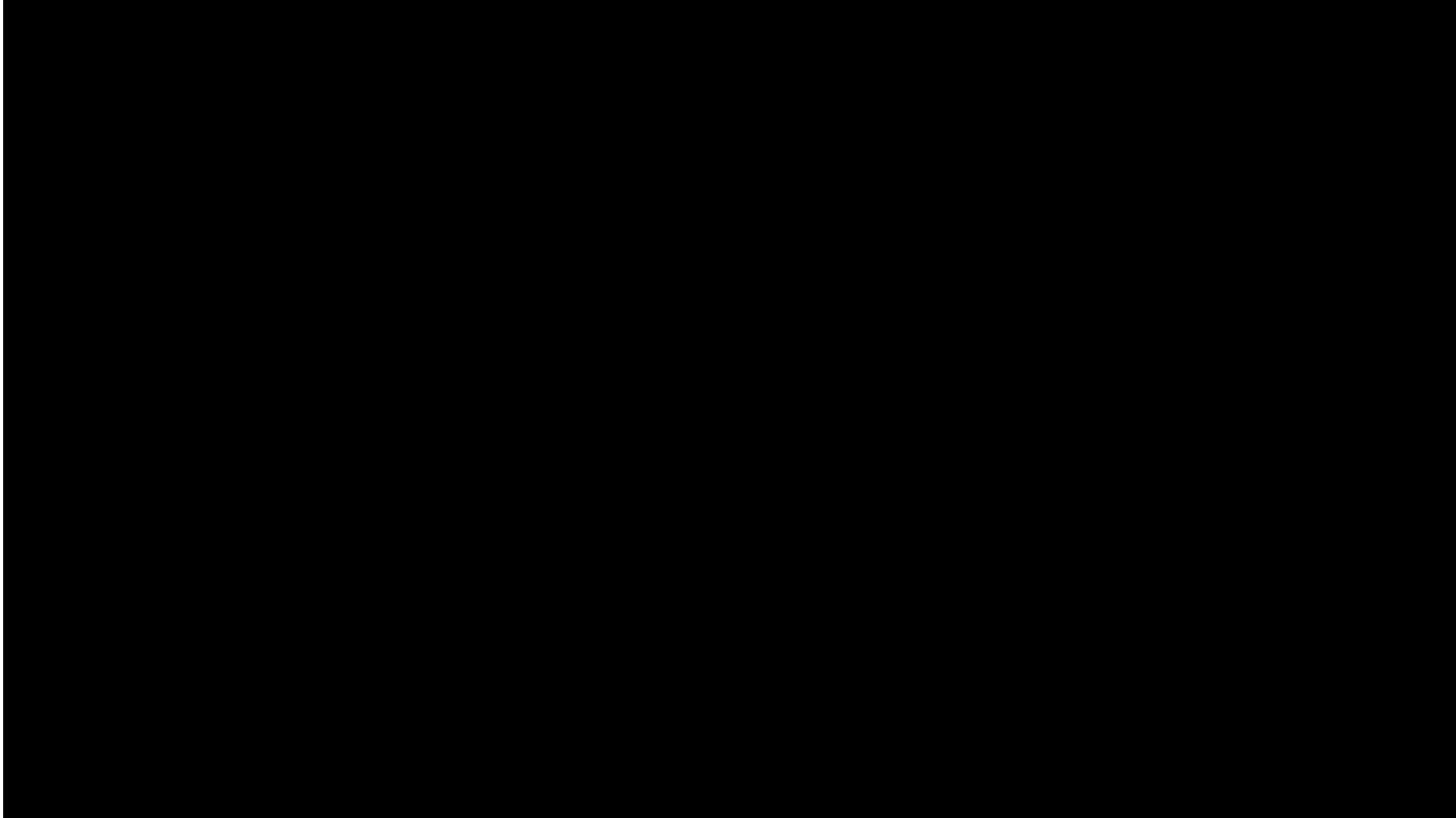
Shuttle by CTAG. Pilots and PoCs



Shuttle by CTAG. Piloto Madrid, Casa de Campo



Shuttle by CTAG. Piloto Universidad de Vigo



EN
O DRIVE
UM

Hi-Drive EU Project

Our history of automated driving: carrying the legacy forward



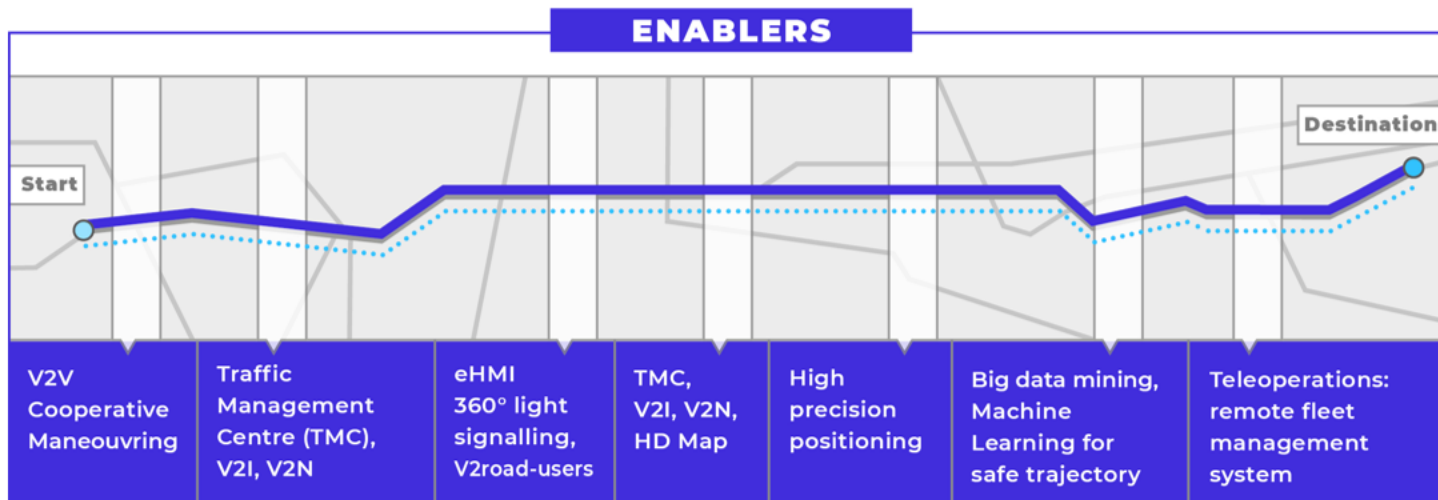
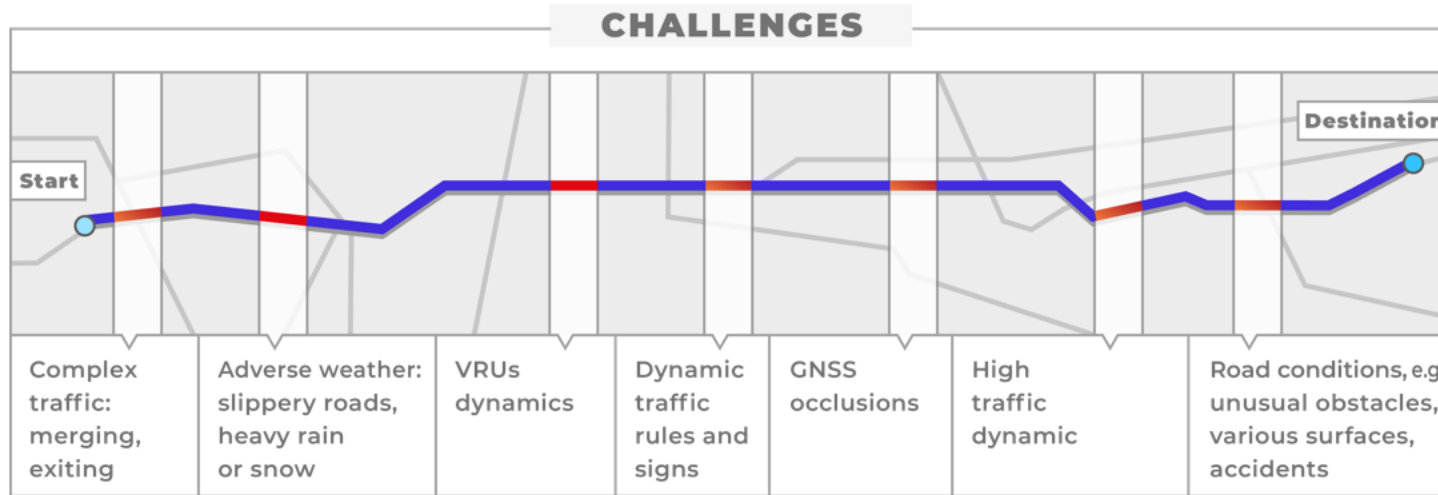


Hi-Drive
Designing Automation

PUSH TOWARDS HIGHER AUTOMATION

- Robust and reliable automated driving
- Extended and defragmented ODDs
- Interoperability across countries and brands

Defragmentation of the Operational Design Domain (ODD)



ODD

MANUAL DRIVING

AUTOMATED DRIVING

Cybersecure, interoperable, interactive and user-aware vehicles

Project Facts

€60 MILLION BUDGET

€30 MILLION FUNDING

48 MONTHS from July 2021 to June 2025

53 PARTNERS among them OEMs, automotive suppliers, research institutes, associations, traffic engineering, deployment organisations and mobility clubs

13 COUNTRIES involved: Belgium, France, Finland, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom



Supported by the European Council for Automotive R&D

This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 101006664



Partners

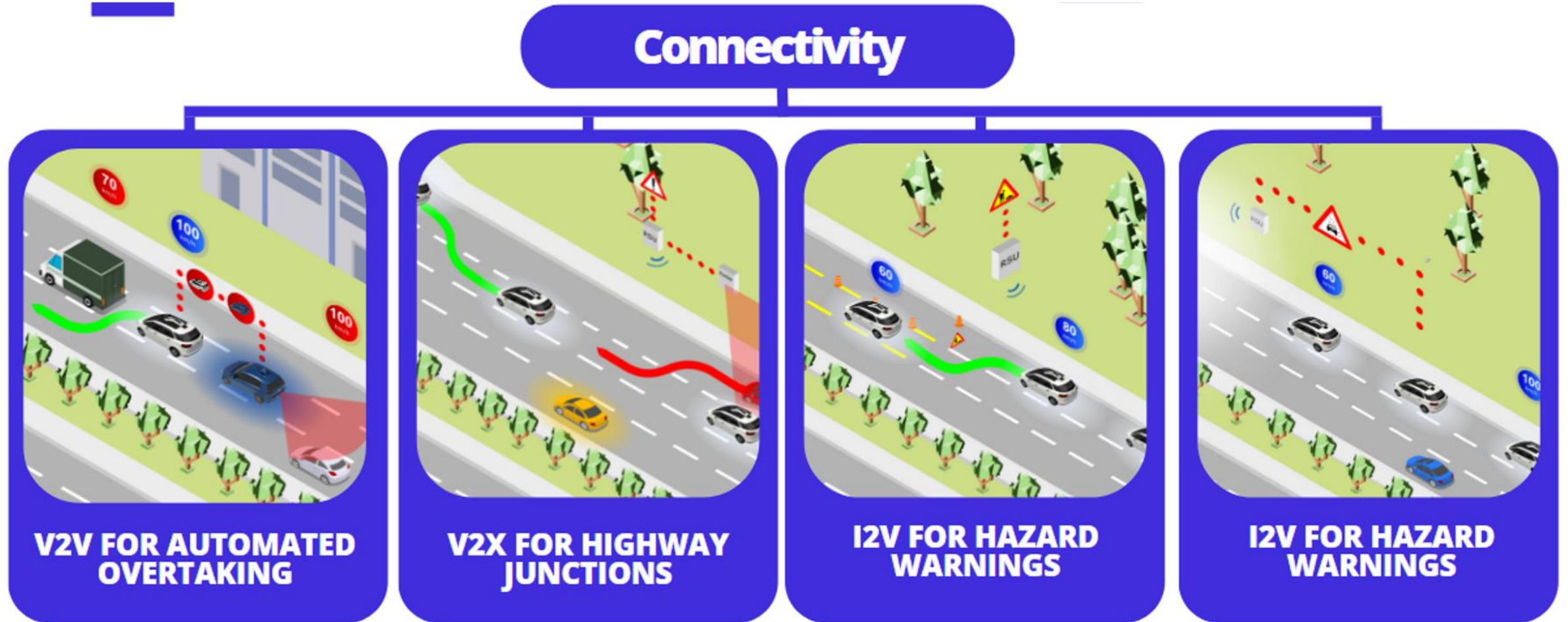


SPANISH PILOT

- Participation with automated vehicles from CTAG and SEAT where different technologies were developed and integrated in the prototype vehicles as enablers to close different ODD gaps.



CTAG ENABLERS



CTAG ENABLERS

Positioning



SENSOR FUSION FOR LOCALIZATION



SEAMLESS POSITIONING FOR SLOW SPEED MANOEUVRES IN VARYING CONDITIONS

Cybersecurity



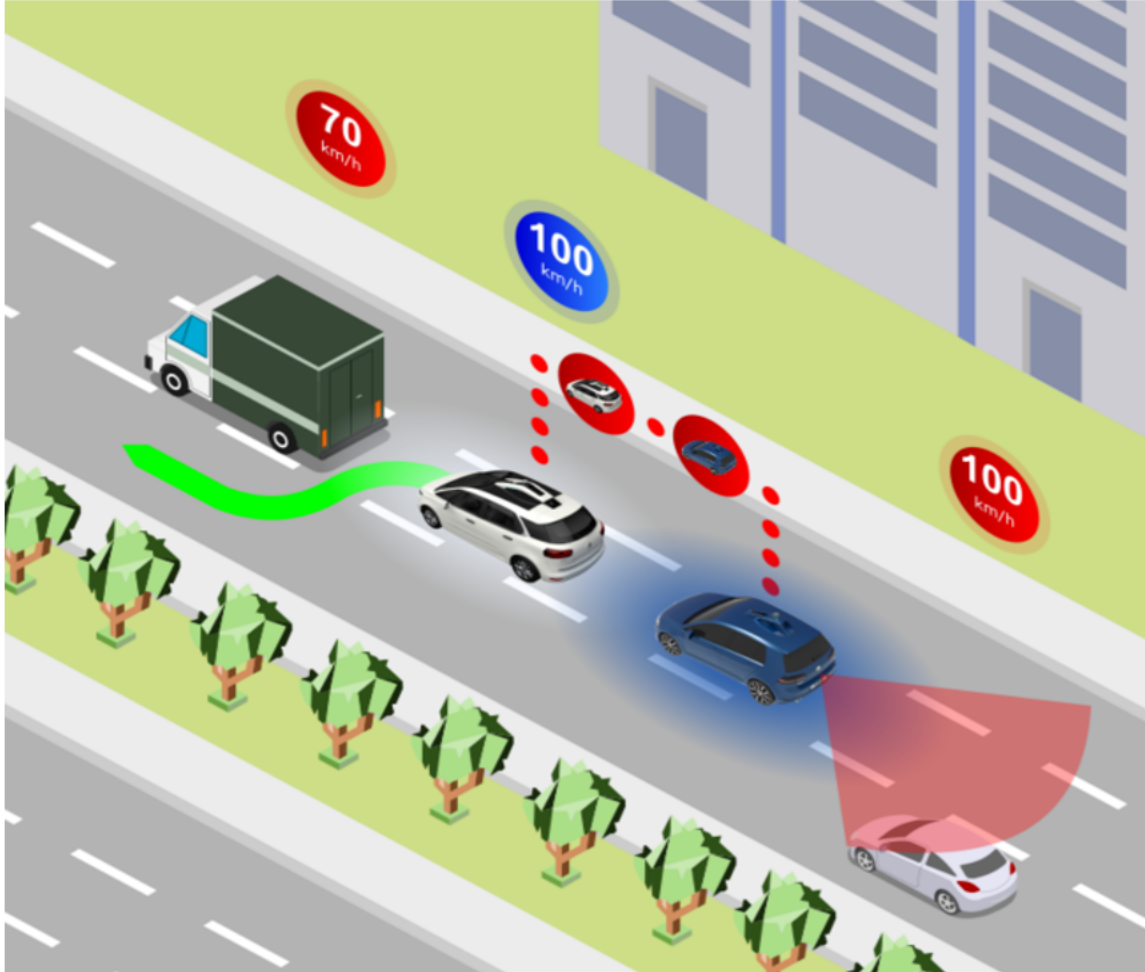
12V FOR HAZARD WARNINGS

Driver monitoring

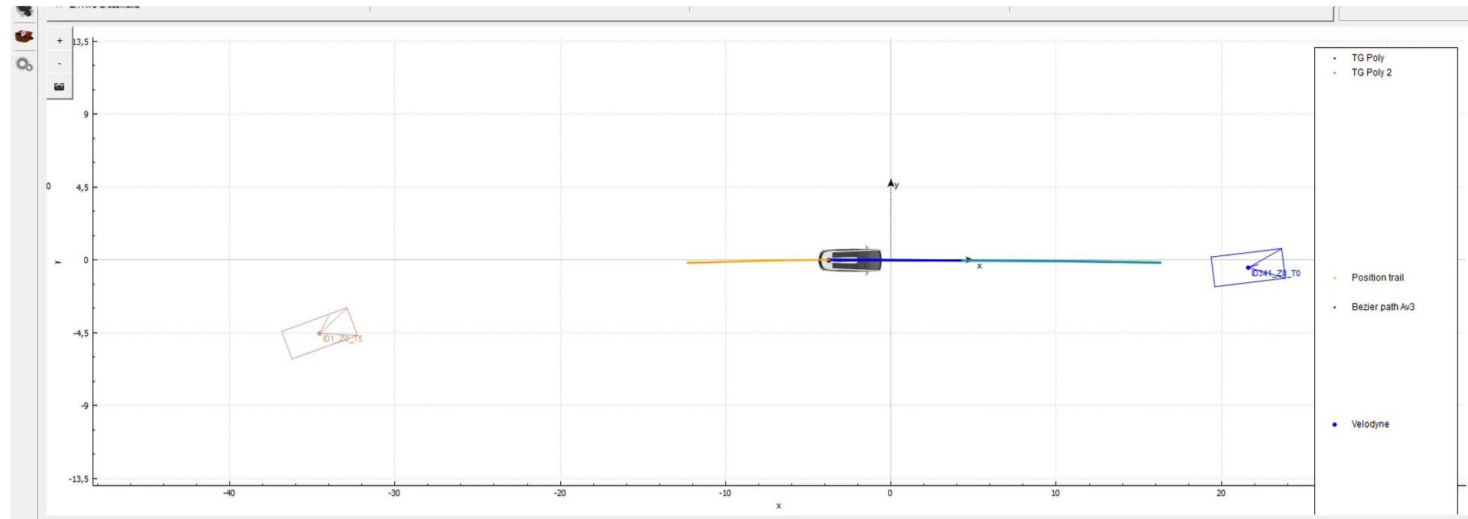


DRIVER'S LEVEL OF ATTENTION MONITORING

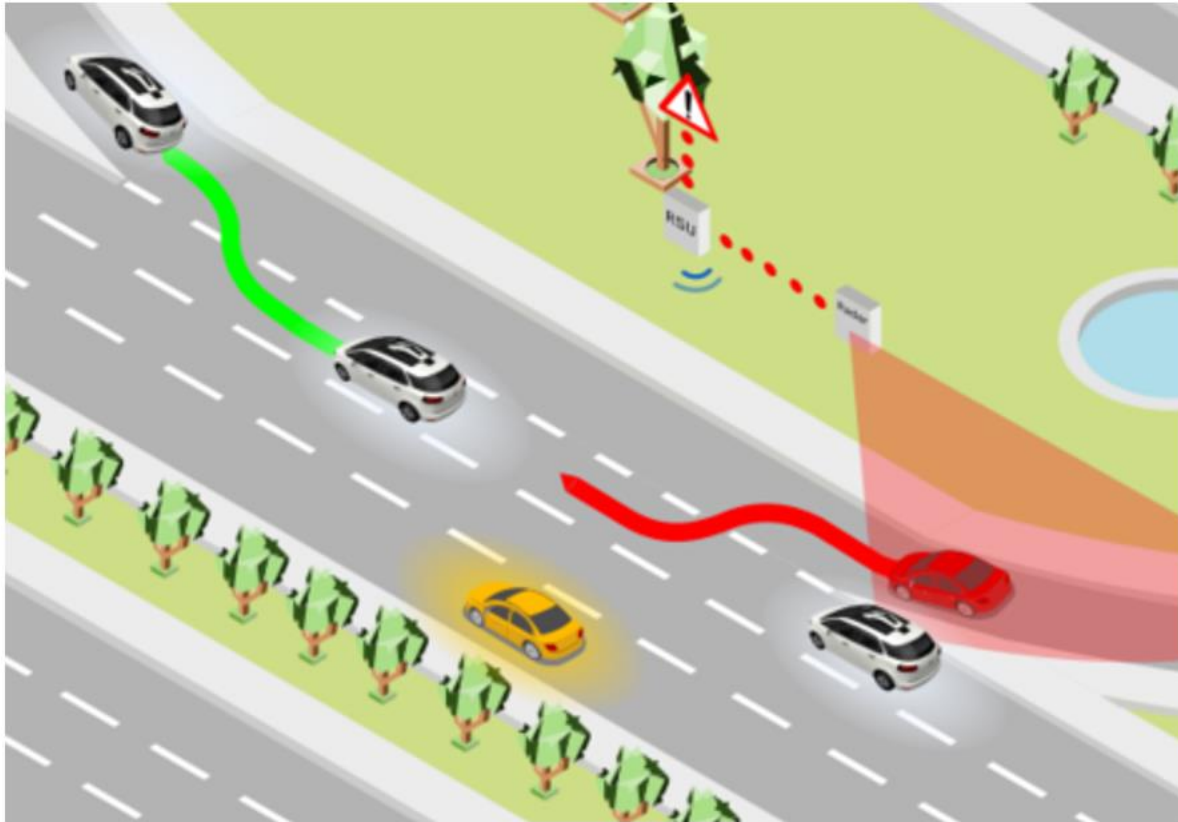
V2V FOR AUTOMATED OVERTAKING



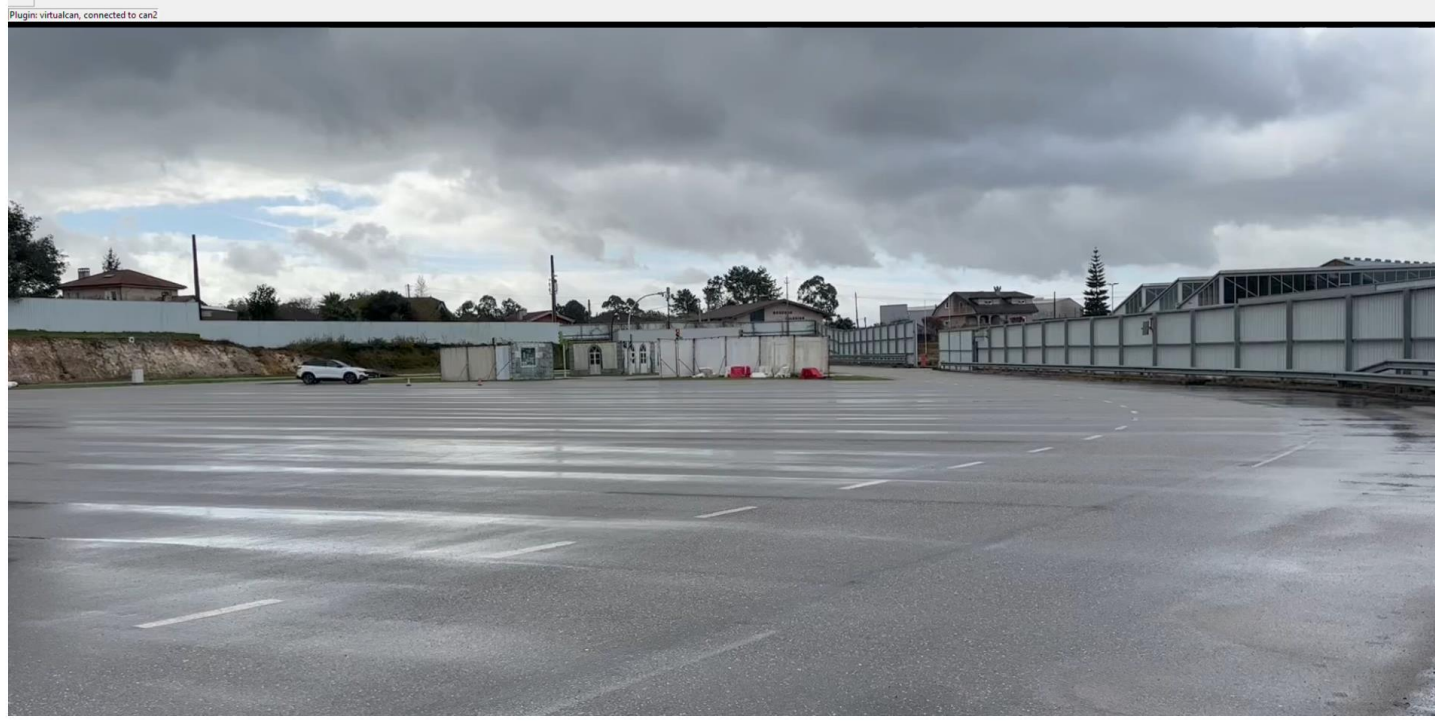
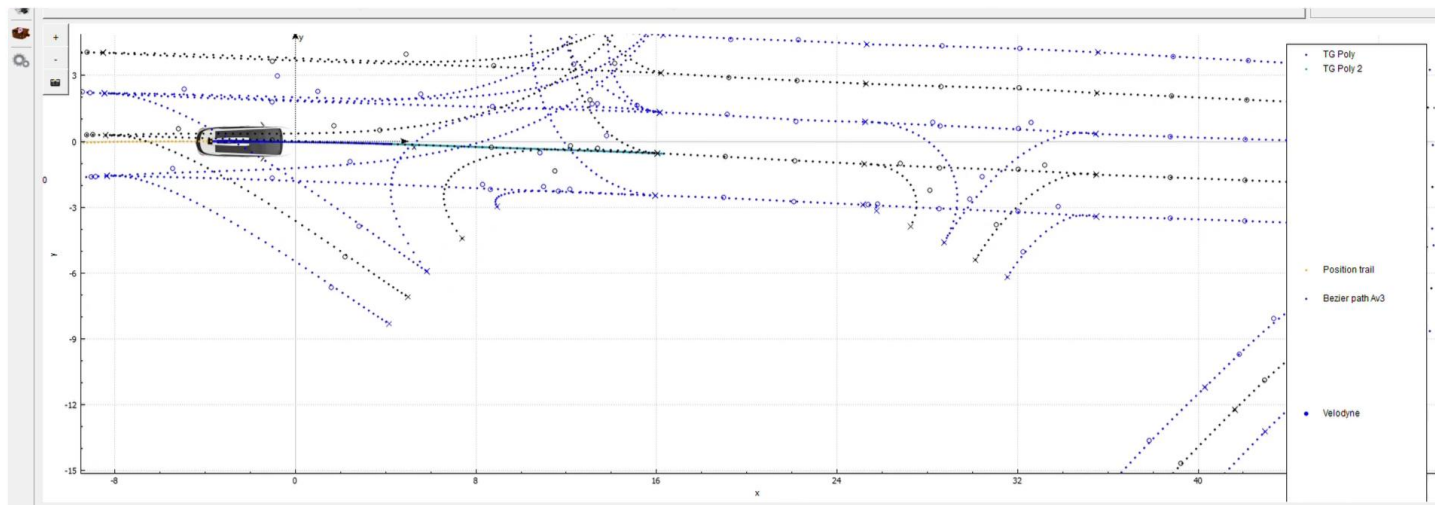
- When the ego vehicle is driving autonomously on a motorway, it detects a vehicle driving ahead which speed is lower than ego vehicle. Therefore, an automated overtaking must be executed.
- However, as the ego vehicle perception is occluded by other vehicles, the information about the lane availability for the maneuver performance is received by V2V connectivity.
- Then, if the lane is available, the ego will perform an overtaking maneuver, and if not, it will adapt the speed to the vehicle ahead.



V2X FOR HIGHWAY EXIT



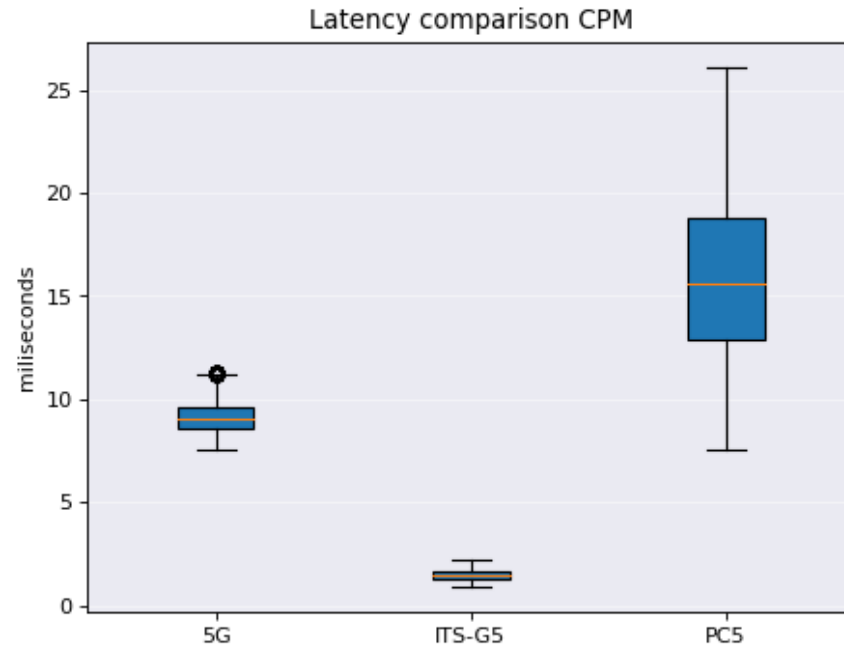
- The ego vehicle needs to take an off-ramp to continue the route and reach its destination. However, the junction geometry is hardly difficult to be managed by the ego vehicle by its own.
- There is a radar installed at the roadside to monitor the environment that sends its data to a RSU (Roadside Unit).
- Then, the ego vehicle shall be able to enhance the objects information detected with its own sensors with the information received via I2V so that it can handle the situation successfully.



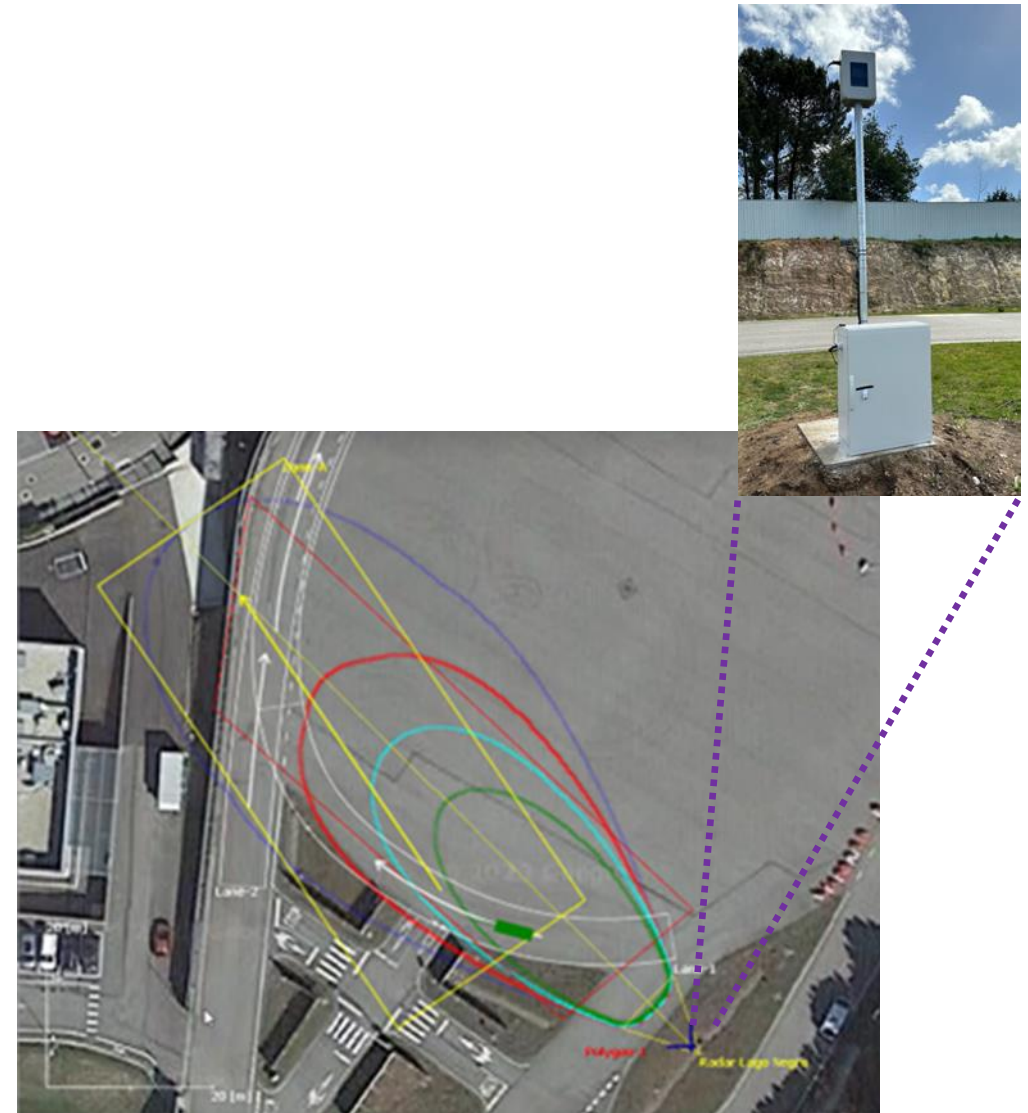
Hi-Drive



V2X FOR HIGHWAY EXIT



Technology	Mean	Confidence 95%
5G	9.15 ms	(9.10, 9.11)
ITS-G5	1.38 ms	(1.37, 1.39)
PC5	16.19 ms	(15.91, 15.47)

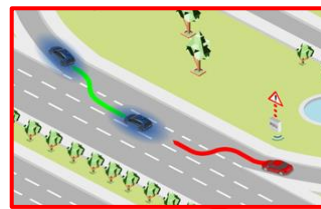


OPERATIONS IN OPEN ROAD

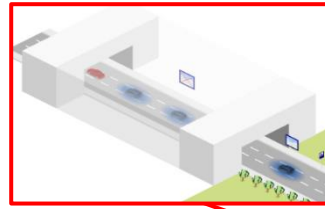
Hazard warnings roadworks



V2X for highway exit



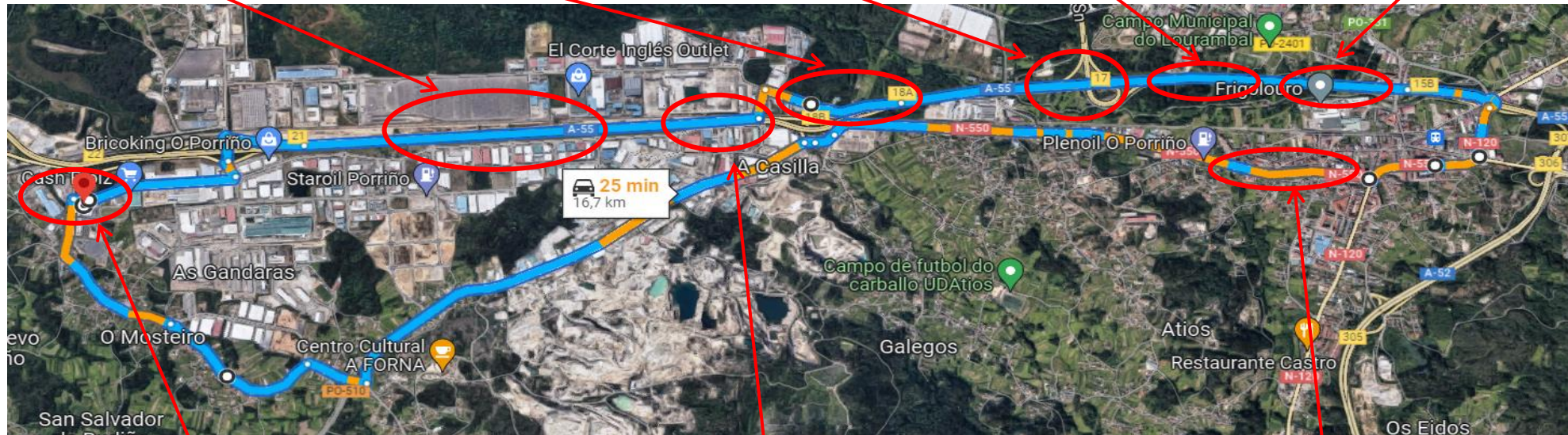
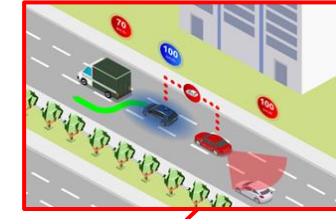
Sensor fusion for localization



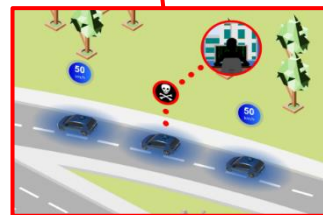
Hazard warnings weather



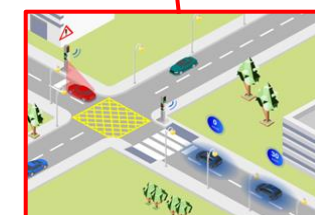
Overtaking enhancing perception with cooperative sensing



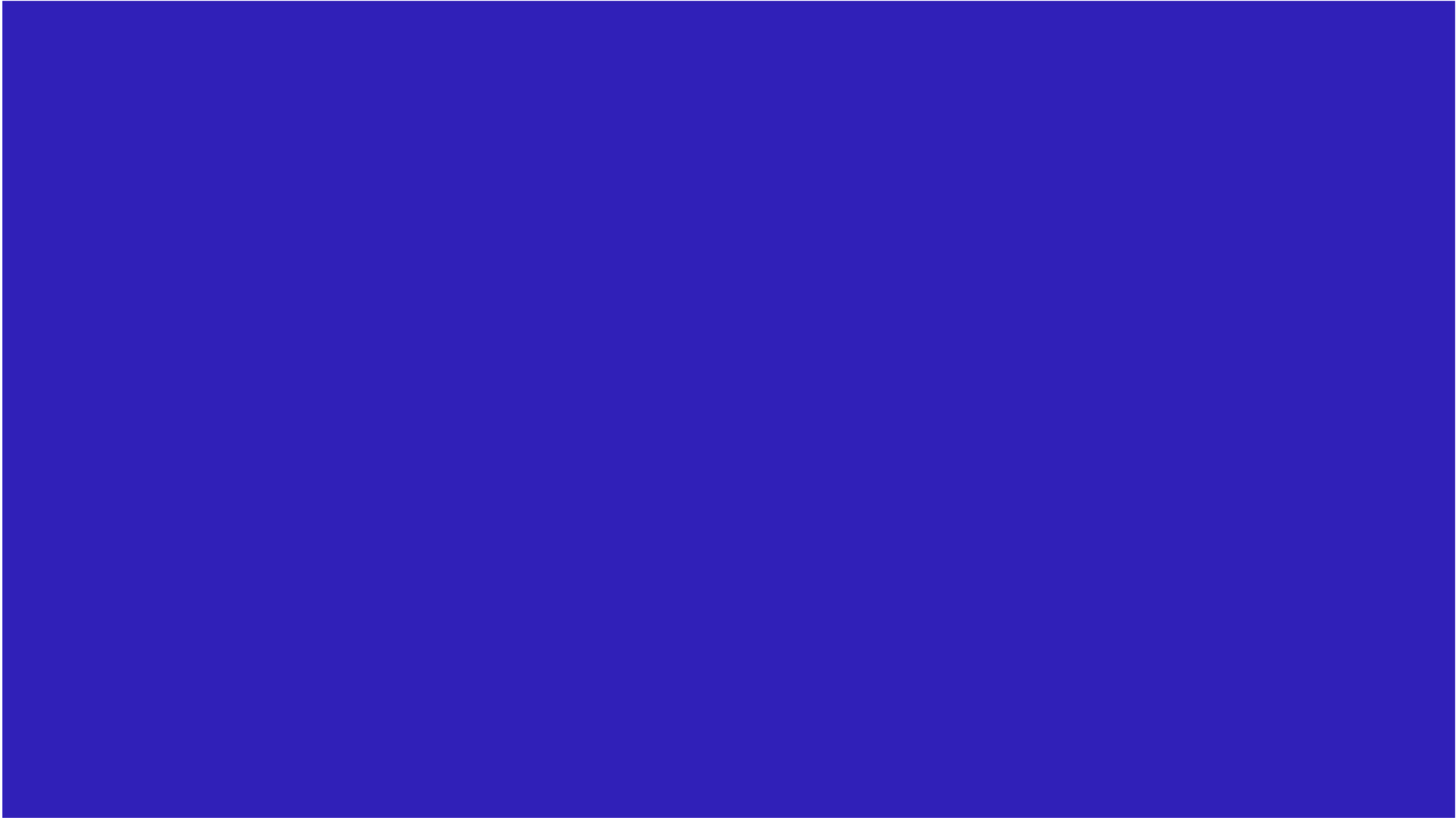
Indoor parking using seamless positioning



Cybersecurity: Attack to the cooperative infraestructure



Glosa green wave with intersections



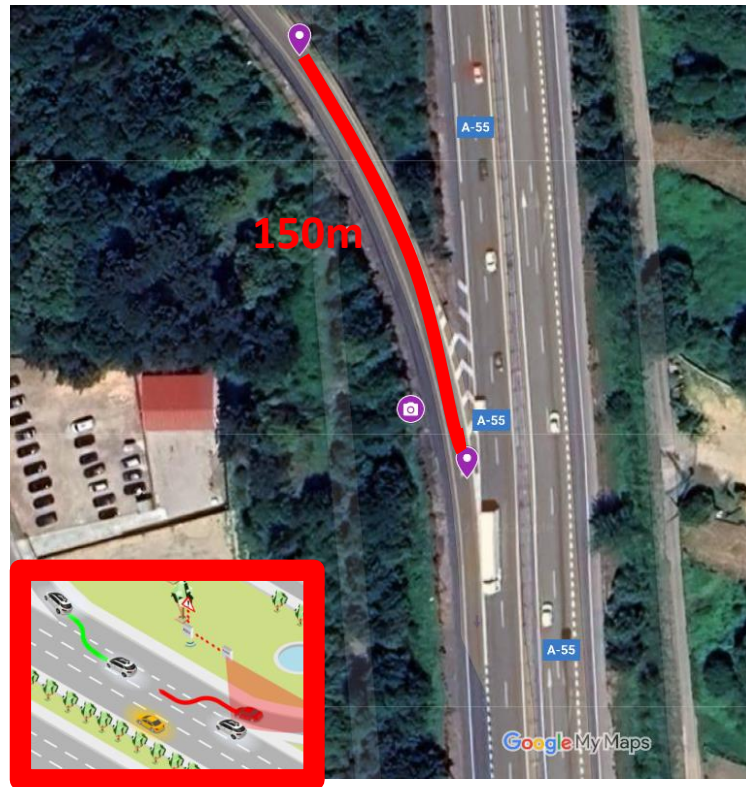
EXAMPLE V2X FOR HIGHWAY EXIT/ENTRY



RADAR

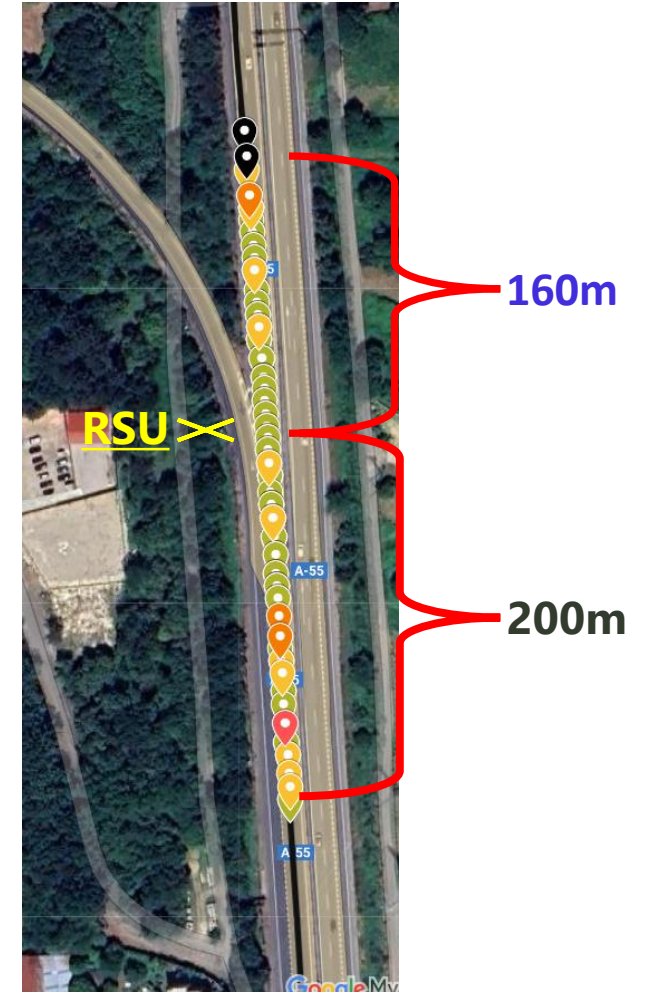
V2X
ANTENNA

RADAR COVERAGE



150m

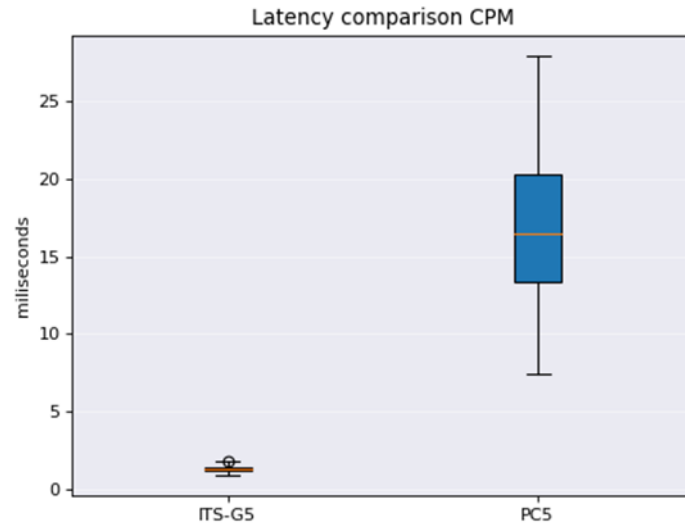
V2X COVERAGE



160m

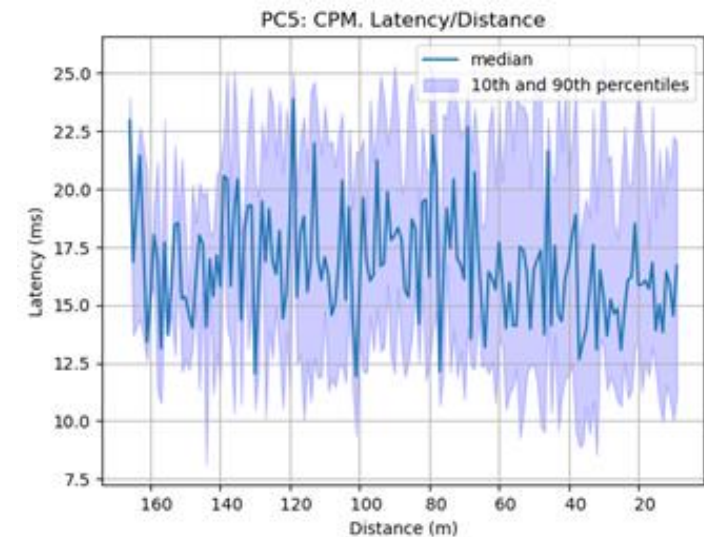
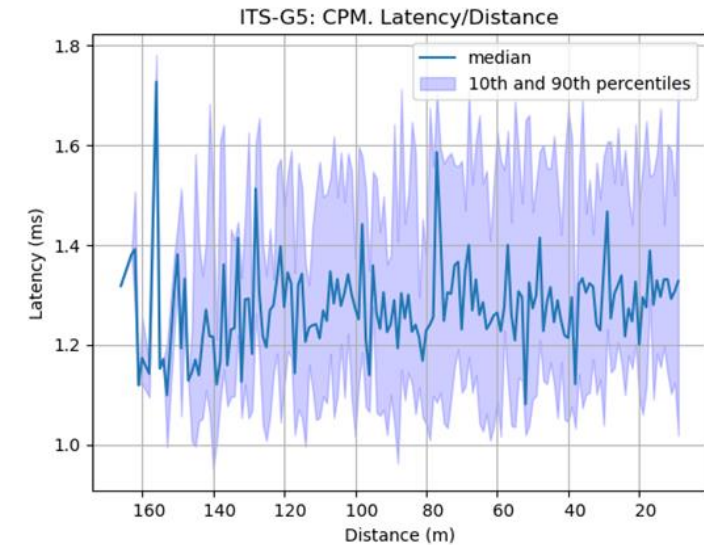
200m

EXAMPLE V2X FOR HIGHWAY EXIT/ENTRY



technology	mean	min	max	confidence 95%
ITS-G5	1.30 ms	0.90 ms	1.81 ms	(1.29 ms, 1.31 ms)
PC5	16.83 ms	7.39 ms	27.92 ms	(16.61 ms, 17.05 ms)

The V2X information was received 160 meters in advance
At 100km/h → 5,8s in advance!!!



03

Conclusions



Conclusiones

- La movilidad evoluciona hacia la **conectividad, electrificación, automatización** y hacia el **transporte multimodal**.
- **Desarrollo seguro y progresivo** de los diferentes niveles de automatización.
- **Nuevas oportunidades y nuevos medios de transporte** que enriquecerán y ampliarán el portafolio de soluciones de movilidad.
- **Retos:** Tecnológicos, legislativos y sociales.
- La **Cooperación** entre diferentes **actores y sectores** es imprescindible.

Muchas gracias

- Francisco Sánchez Pons -

